Cambria : Freeman
is Published Weekly at
EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PENNA.,
BY JAMES G. HASSON,

Guaranteed Circulation, - - - - - 1,200

Subscription Rates.

One copy, 1 year, cash in advance.....$1 50
do do If not paid within 3 months, 1.75
do do If not paid within 6 months, 2.00
do do If not paid within the year, 2.25

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VOLUME XXVII. EBENSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1893. NUMBER 39.

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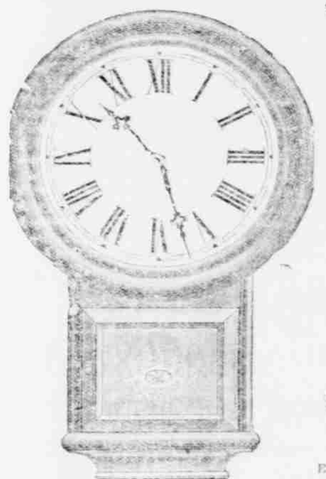

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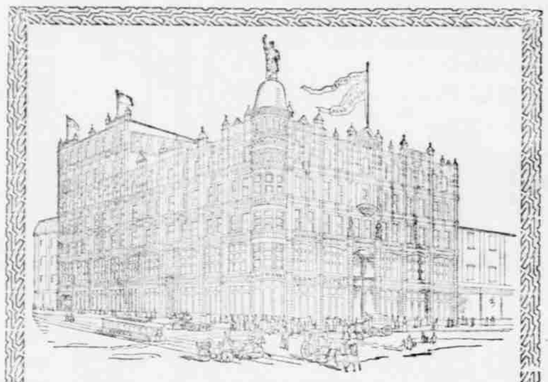

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A BOY'S ROOM.

His Experience at Taking Care of It Himself.

"Where is my vest? Oh, here 'tis—just where I shied it last night."

Fred picked up his vest from behind the bed, and then looked around for his collar.

"I wonder, now, if that collar's been carried off to the wash! Just like Susan! If ever I get hold of one that fits me better than any other, and would like to hold on to it for a little while, off it goes. Oh, here 'tis. I forgot I was standing by the window when I took it off, and left it on the sill. But it's all limp. Dear me, what a drawer! I wonder who interferes with my things? I'm sure I never got it into such a muddle as this."

Stirring among collars and neckties, turning things up and down in a way that would lead anyone reasonably to give him credit for any amount of disorder, Fred at length found a collar.

"Now, my necktie. Where did I put the one I wore in the morning, when I dressed in the afternoon? Of course, some one was in here straightening up my room. I never know where to find anything after that. Come in."

Fred turned a face full of abused expression toward the door as his mother's entrance followed her tap upon it.

"Good morning. Are you ready for breakfast, dear? Here is one of your neckties."

"Yes, the very one I was looking for. Who took it away?"

"Susan carried away for the wash the clothes you took off when you dressed, and this was among them. You must have thrown it down."

"Yes, I knew somebody must have been here."

"My dear boy," mother looked around with a discouraged face, "how often must I speak to you about keeping your things in better order? You really get worse and worse. I come in here and set the room to rights, and by the next day it will be as untidy as before."

"O mother, 'tidy' may do very well for girls or women. It's a real girls' word, I think."

"Good for either boys or girls. I am sorry to see such an ugly habit growing with you."

"Really, mother," said Fred, with a return of the injured look, "one would think from your talk that you thought it a real sin—that you look upon it as you might look upon lying or stealing and such."

"No. But in evil habit is evil, make the best you can of it. Its indulgence is sure to have an evil effect upon the character. A person slouchy and slovenly in his small habits is pretty likely to be so in the greater thing in his life. I wonder you don't find enough inconvenience from your carelessness to lead you to wish to improve."

"My carelessness, mother? Why, if my things could only be left alone, I'd get along well enough. When I come into the room, I never know where to find anything, because so one has been setting things in order. Of course I don't mean, mother dear, that all you do is not the very best that could be done; but a boy, you know," Fred put on a dignified air, "can't be expected to be just like a girl, and ought, I think, to be allowed to follow out his own way a little in his own room."

"How do you think it would work if you were left to your own way?" said his mother with a smile.

"Entirely? Why, mother, I think it would be fine."

"I have a great mind to let you try it," she said.

"Do, mother!" said Fred, eagerly. "I never could see the use—with all respect for you, you understand—of this everlasting sweeping and dusting. I'll agree to take entire charge of the room if I may be left to myself."

"Well," said mother, still with the smile, "I think Susan would better make your bed."

"No," interposed Fred. "Sometimes I have things lying there that I don't want touched."

"Then she need only attend to the washstand. You may bring me anything which needs mending, for I'm afraid that it might make the keeping of our agreement difficult for me if I made visits to the room."

"I will. I want to do the sweeping myself—that is, if it needs any sweeping—for Susan always plays the mischief with my specimens."

"You may try it." And mother went down to breakfast, still smiling.

For a few days Fred rejoiced in his new-found freedom, as he called it—freedom to fling his things this way and that, in full assurance that he would have the delight of finding them exactly where he had flung them.

"But I must say it gets a little monotonous," he admitted to himself, with a little shake of his head, "to find all my coats and vests and trousers piled together on the same chair, and to hunt among dirty collars for clean ones. Who could have dreamed that mother settled up for me so often? But it is a privilege to have a chance to keep my specimens just as I want to keep them."

But even a privilege may be overdone, Fred was obliged to acknowledge one morning not long after. He had brought a friend in to see his geological specimens and his collection of butterflies.

As usual, he had set things out of his hands just where it was most convenient to set them. Arriving at home rather late in the evening, he had come in hastily and gone to bed in the dark, having forgotten to bring up any matches.

"Well," he exclaimed, sitting up in bed to take rather a disconsolate view of his surroundings, "if I chose to confess it, I wouldn't mind having mother—and Susan too—to skirmish about here for awhile. How did I come to set those trays and boxes on the foot of the bed! I've had the meanest kind of a night, those stones going rattle-te-bang on the floor every time I turned over! And—oh, my! Look at my butterflies!"

In real regret he gathered up the crushed remains of the pretty winged creatures he had taken such pains and such pleasure in mounting. While doing so his attention was for the first time drawn to the condition of the carpet.

"Well, it really is dirty. And no one can say I ever liked dirt. Why, it looks as though some one had been throwing a lot of wool and feathers under my bed. I'll give it a sweep to-day. I undertook to do my own sweeping. I suppose folks think boys can't sweep."

Fred put all his strength into the wielding of the broom. It had been a rainy week, and Susan's careful hands had not supplemented her morning care of the room by gathering with brush and dust-pan of the mud which his careless feet brought in. It was now dried and ground into the carpet, to be raised in clouds of dust by his vigorous sweeping.

"Phew!" Glad enough was he, having at length finished, to get into the open air, burdened with a few doubts as to whether, after all, he so very much enjoyed the new order of things.

"I don't really believe boys were made to be housemaids," he concluded. "But it's only an experiment. There won't be any trouble in getting back to mother's dear, careful ways," conscious of an unexpressed yet decidedly increasing respect for his mother's ways.

Late in the day Fred rushed back to his room to make ready for an evening to be spent in company which he held in high esteem. Fred's slovenliness did not, as a general thing, extend to the care of his person, his mother having often had occasion to wonder at the neat appearance with which he contrived to emerge from the chaos of his room.

"Thunder!" Fred stood for a moment at his room door, finding the situation worthy of his strongest expletive.

The dust from which he had fled lay thickly upon everything, adding dismally to the prevailing disorder.

"I forgot all about the things mother spreads over things when she sweeps. How I hate dust on books! Well," seizing a towel and hastily whisking it about, "I haven't time to do much dusting now. Jack Harper will call for me in a quarter of an hour.

"Buttons off? I forgot to take my best suit to mother. And there's a little rip near the coat cuff, but I can ink that."

Setting the ink on the bureau, he carefully darkened the white streak, but as he turned from a study of the effect, his brow took on a deeper cloud.

"My white tie in the blacking box!" He snatched it up. "The last one I have left! And all these," tumbling over a number which were mixed in with other things thrown on the table, "are covered with dust. Perhaps this one will do; but there's a spot on it."

Seizing a towel, he carefully rubbed the front of the lightest-colored tie he could find. But it was the towel which had already done duty as a duster, and was streaked with the sooty dust which prevails in a house in which bituminous coal is used.

As the tie soon looked rather worse than better, Fred threw both towel and tie from him with an angry exclamation. They struck something on the bureau, which went with them to the floor.

"Oh, that ink! And all over those books I left there! What shall I—Mother! mother!"

Mother, quickly appearing in answer to his loud cry of distress, could not forbear a smile at the mixture of expressions on Fred's face. Despair, mortification and a comical sense of the ludicrous seemed striving for the mastery.

"O mother," he said, after she had done her best to arrest any further mischief from the ink, "will you take me back?"

"Take you back?" she asked, not quite understanding what he meant.

"Yes, me and my room. I've given up. I'll take all you have to say on the subject of boys and tidiness if only you'll wind me up and then keep me running. But first will you please go down and tell Jack Harper I can't go to-night?"

"Why can't you, dear? I thought you were so anxious to go."

"So I was; but look at me. Buttons off. Rips. I can't find a clean collar in that muddle, and my white tie's spoiled."

"I'll ask Jack to wait for you a few minutes. I think we can manage things yet."

Most boys who have mothers can imagine the quickness with which her hands flew from one thing to another in making that particular boy look as a boy should look. From hidden depths of her own stores a tie was unearthed. Buttons went on and rips hid themselves from sight. At the end of a quarter of an hour Fred joined his friends a wiser and happier boy.

Some hours later he turned the light high for a satisfied gaze about his room.

"This is jolly! Everything clean, everything in place. Well, it's rather mean in me if I can't cooperate with mother and Susan in keeping myself straight. I guess its best for folks in this world to help each other run each other, and not be always making things harder for each other—I mean me, for mother and Susan—and other folks for each other."

With which very indefinitely expressed but very sincerely felt sentiment as to every day's small duty, Fred went to bed.—Sydney Dayre, in Interior.

Annamese Language.

In the Annamese language, spoken in Cochin China, the same word is given many different meanings by the moderation of the voice. Thus the syllable "ba" pronounced with a grave accent, means lady, an ancestor. Pronounced with a sharp accent it means the favorite of the prince. Pronounced with a semigrave accent it means what has been thrown away. Pronounced with the grave circumflex it means what is left of fruit after the juice has been squeezed out. Pronounced with no accent it means three. Pronounced with the ascending or interrogative accent it means a box on the ear. Thus "ba ba ba ba" is said to mean, if properly pronounced, "three ladies gave a box on the ear to the favorite of the prince."

Dug Up in the Streets of Rome.

In Rome 82 miles of new streets yielded the following "dugups:" Nine hundred and five amphoræ, 2,360 terra cotta lamps, 1,824 inscriptions on marble, 77 columns rare marble, 313 pieces of columns, 157 marble capitals, 118 bases, 590 works of art in terra cotta, 540 works of art in bronze, 711 intaglios and cameos, 18 marble sarcophagi, 152 bas reliefs, 192 marble statues, 21 marble figures of animals, 266 busts and heads, 54 pictures in polychrome-mosaic, 47 objects of gold, 39 objects of silver, 36,679 coins. Even this astonishing list does not cover everything, but embraces only those objects which were worthy of a place in the museums.

SCIENTIFIC MISCELLANY.

TWELVE THOUSAND microbes, strung in a line, would make a procession only one inch in length.

THREE miles per hour is about the average speed of the gulf stream; at certain places, however, this speed is increased to fifty-four miles an hour.

GENERALLY speaking, we say that the curvature of the earth amounts to about 7 inches to the statute mile; it is exactly 6.99 inches, or 7.962 inches for a geographical mile.

ACCORDING to a promise made to her dead husband, Mme. Schliemann is continuing the excavations at Troy, which made his name famous, and personally superintends much of the work.

PROF. BARNARD'S recent photograph of the milky way shows the existence of 500,000,000 suns, each supposed to be the center of a system of planets, where hitherto it was thought to contain only about 20,000,000 such suns.

THE celebrated "globe fish" is not always globe shaped. They have the power of distending themselves into a globular form by inflating a large air sac in the abdomen. When this is blown out they assume a normal shape.

A POUND of rice contains 86.09 per cent. of nutritive matter. Lean beef contains but 26.83 per cent. Fat beef contains 46.03 per cent.; potatoes, 23.24 per cent.; Indian corn, 82.97 per cent.; oats, 74.02 per cent.; rye, 82.79 per cent., and wheat, 82.54 per cent.

PERSONAL MENTION.

JOHN L. HERRICK, of Salisbury, N. C., is ninety years old and weighs two hundred and thirty pounds.

CHARLES MONOKY, still living in Kings county, N. Y., invented the "monkey" wrench. He sold his patent for two thousand dollars.

LUKE SMITH, of Acton, Mass., is perhaps the only man living whose father fought at Bunker Hill. Mr. Smith was in the rebellion himself, and is eighty.

LUCIUS LANGDON NICHOLAS, who has just married Mrs. Bishop, mother of the late mind reader of that name, is said to be great-great-grandson of a Russian emperor.

DAVID S. PATTERSON, of North Platte, Neb., who is seventy-five years of age and has been totally blind all his life, has received letters patent on a device in the driving gear of a locomotive.

THE executors of the estate of the late Mrs. Theresa Fair, of San Francisco, intend to erect to her memory in Holy Cross cemetery, San Mateo county, a mausoleum to cost not less than $50,000. The decorations will be very elaborate.

HISTORICAL DATES.

THE first linen made in England was manufactured by Flemish refugees under the protection of Henry III., in 1253.

THE first coins were struck in brass about 1124 B. C., and in gold and silver by Pheidon, tyrant of Argos, about 862 B. C.

THE first panorama was exhibited in Edinburgh by Robert Barker about 1788, by which he portrayed a view of the city.

THE first champagne was made by Perignon, a monk of St. Peter Hautvilliers, Champagne, in the seventeenth century.

THE first encyclopædia was "Pliny's Natural History," which contains 20,000 facts compiled from 2,000 books by 100 authors.

MOVABLE scenery was first used in theaters in 1508. It was invented by Baldassare Peruzzi, and displayed in Rome before Leo X.

TYPES OF AMERICAN WOMEN.

LIZZIE BORDEN has been invited by the Globe-Democrat to lecture.

"CAVENDISH" says that American women are better whist players than are their English sisters.

MRS. VANKLEEKER, of Leeds, Can., rejoices in four children recently born at one birth, two boys and two girls.

MARTHA JORDAN, of Dallas, Tex., is said to be the first colored woman in the United States to study the profession of dentistry.

MISS PHOEBE J. WOODMAN, a niece of the poet Whittier, and the original of his "Red Riding Hood," is engaged to be married to Mr. Caliga, a Boston artist.

MISS EMILY LOUISE GERRY, living at New Haven, Conn., is a daughter of Elbridge Gerry, a signer of the Declaration of Independence. Miss Gerry, it is claimed, is the last living child of a signer of that famous document.

JUDGE AND JURY.

BEFORE 1866 there was no trial by jury in Russia.

A "LEGAL FENCE" has been defined in Kentucky as one that is "pig tight, horse high and bull strong."

THE use of torture in legal proceedings was permissible in Austria until well within the present century.

ARTHUR G. MASSEY wants the courts of New York to award him $2,000 damages from Moses King, who pulled his whiskers out.

A SUIT in the English chancery court begun 152 years ago was concluded the other day. The government duties and legal fees covered nearly the entire sum fought for.

Good-Natured Indifference.

A certain good-natured fatalism prevails in Russia as to the one crime of theft. At Saratoff on the Volga a crowded steamer was about to start, when the assistant captain, hurrying through a crowd of third-class passengers, was suddenly stopped by a peasant, who had previously complained that his money had been stolen.

"Your honor," he said, "the money has been found."

"Found! Where?"

"Sewed up in that soldier's mantle. I went over there to search for it, and sure enough, there were forty-one roubles and a twenty-kopeck piece in my chamois purse."

"Where is that soldier?"

"There he is, asleep."

"Well, he must be handed over to the police."

"Handed over to the police? Why to the police? Don't touch him, let him sleep on. Sure, the money is found; what more do we want?"

And as the captain proved equally indifferent, the matter was dropped.—Youth's Companion.

GOOD FORM TO BE SOLEMN.

So the Englishman Is Only 'Appy Away from 'Ome.

What an utterly different being an Englishman is when lounging on the terrace of a hotel at Cadenabbia or on the deck of a yacht on the tideless sea, from the same individual on the terrace of the house or sauntering in the park on a fine morning! He not only looks unlike himself, but is ever so much better looking, says London Truth. His garments are more picturesque, but it is not only that. His features relax into an expression of unconscious satisfaction with things in general which almost approaches to amiability.

Of course, a true gentleman would naturally regard himself with contempt if he ever permitted himself to look really amiable or pleased. Except in a tete-a-tete with a pretty woman or while enjoying a good game of romps with children, such a thing would be thoroughly bad form. It is one of Arry's social mistakes that he grins when he is pleased and wears a chronic smile if he happen to be a good-tempered man. The men of our class and upward refrain from any such insane exhibition, especially when at home, dans leur ile.

It has often amused us to watch an English boy while at the adolescent period of life mastering this accomplishment. He perceives that his male elders have cultivated what Carlyle called a cheerful stoicism. They listen to the funniest story without a smile, unless the narrator is a person whom they rejoice to honor or like to please. They make their greetings without relaxing an iota of the gravity which serves them as a mask. The boy, in imitating them, suffers many an inward spasm in endeavoring to render his emotions outwardly invisible. He catches himself smiling at something ludicrous, but immediately conquers himself as he sees that his elders are grave of demeanor. If he should so far forget himself as to exhibit any pleasure or animation in circumstances where it would be only natural to do so, but in which the seniors set an example of undemonstrative calm, he whips himself inwardly with a lash of self-scorn.

During his transition period he despises women and girls, because they laugh when they are amused and sometimes cry when they are distressed. He would rather hurt the feelings of his mother or sisters than make the slightest display of gratitude or kindliness. In fact, he is disagreeable, and a very uncomfortable individual for the time being. Often when he frowns it is only that he has no other way of preventing himself from smiling.

SOME WONDERFUL INKS.

Curious Facts Concerning Those Known and Used by Frenchmen.

Rabelais compiled a curious list of inks of a sympathetic nature, which were largely in vogue in his days. In his book, entitled "Pantagruel," he makes his readers acquainted with Panurgue's exploits in trying to decipher the invisible characters of a letter in which a Parisian female had written to Pantagruel. "He held it up before the fire," says Rabelais, "to see if it was written with spirits of ammonia mixed with water. Then he placed it in water to see if the writing had not been done with sirup of tithymal. When this would not work he held it over a candle, which would have brought the characters out had they been written with the juice of white onions. By rubbing a part of it with nut oil he tried to find whether it had not been written with the sap of a fig tree. And if frog's blood had been used in the place of ink the milk from the breast of a woman suckling her first-born daughter would have betrayed the secrets of that letter."

While in Rabelais' time during the seventeenth century French people adhered strongly to the belief that sympathetic inks of this character could be and were used, they are now in high feather over the discovery of a luminous ink by one of their own countrymen. This ink makes it possible for letters to be read in the dark. One of the French journals recently gave the recipe for this ink. A phosphorescent compound can be obtained by calcinating carbonate of chalk with sulphur.

Messrs. Peligot and Becquerel, both of whom gave this matter a great deal of study, say now that the yellow glow can be obtained by adding to the above mixture from one to two per cent. of peroxide of manganese. To make the writing appear in a green light it is necessary to mix with the above a little carbonate of soda, and for the blue from one to two per cent. of a bismuth compound may be used.

By porphyrizing these phosphorescent substances and adding to them a small quantity of linseed oil, the mixture can be used for typographic impressions from which plates can be printed, which, exposed to the light in the daytime, appear luminous at night.

FIGURES OF INTEREST.

THE population of Germany averages 237 to the square mile; in the United States the average is only 18.

NEARLY 45 per cent. of the 9,249,547 foreign-born residents in the United States are living in the 124 cities of largest population.

THE total number of Chinese in the United States in 1880 was 105,465. The total number in 1890 was only 107,475, a gain in ten years of but 2,010.

SINCE the centennial year, 1876, the number of newspapers in New York state has nearly doubled. There were 1,088 published then and there are 2,131 now.

THE largest block of coal ever mined was recently brought from the bowels of the earth at Roslyn, Wash. Its size is twenty-four feet in length, five feet eight inches in width, and four feet eight inches in height. It weighs over 41,000 pounds.

Medical Art and the Stars.

During the middle ages, when astrology was in fashion, a character very much like our R was the sign of Jupiter, the preserver of health. The physicians, then being equally devoted to the science of medicine and of astrology, invariably began their prescriptions with the following words: "In the name of Jupiter take the following doses in the order set down hereinafter." In the course of time this formula was abbreviated, until at present only the letter R remains to teach us that medical art was once associated with the science of the stars.

HIS WIFE'S ALARM.

It Was Caused by the Lies of a Rascally Janitor.

"I tell you, boys," I said, "if I was not a married man, I should go to the races on Monday and put all I'm worth on Razzle Dazzle."

"Why don't you?" asked Tom Murphy.

"Why?" said I. "Oh, I'm a married man, and my wife has a horror of the races. I've promised her to keep away from them. A promise is a promise."

"And good enough you've made it, sir," said our old porter. Honest Jim we called him. "Many a man has gone down to ruin and degradation on account of them races. The lady is wise. She is wise. I'm telling you what I mane. Obey the lady, and you'll never see yourself in difficulties."

Honest Jim was fond of giving advice, and he broke up our chat with these words. Murphy and Wiggins went away to get a glass of beer before they parted, and I took the train home.

A brooding storm broke just as I reached my cottage, and glad enough was I to escape it. We had supper together and went into the parlor as usual. What a night it was, to be sure!

A wild night, a bitter night, a night when there seemed to be strange voices in the wind, and those within the house were likely to fancy knocks upon their doors and unbar and unbolt them and cry: "Who is there?" when it was only the blast that had caused them to rattle. Yet it was on this night that my wife, my little, delicate, beautiful wife Fleda arose from the fireside and telling me that she would return shortly, left the room.

To leave the room was nothing, but when I heard her leave the house I could scarcely believe my senses. She, who was so timid—she who— Why, no, it could not be. I went about the house calling her. I grew alarmed, and, fearing to find her lying in a swoon somewhere, carried the lamp low and looked in the garret, the cellar, the little kitchen where cooking was done in summer—everywhere, in fact.

She was gone, and so was the cloak, that usually hung in a certain place, and a hood she wore about the grounds on cold days. What could have taken her out? Had she heard our pony fidgeting in his stall or the peep of some stray chicken? Was she anxious about the day-old calf? We had all these rural belongings in the small boundary of our little summer-home.

If so, why did she not mention it to me? It was, no doubt, that cold of mine, which I had made too much fuss about. She went herself rather than to expose me. I tossed on my waterproof coat, pulled an old hat over my ears and went out upon the porch. The lantern was gone.

"Fleda!" I cried, lifting my voice, "Fleda, I say! Where are you, Fleda?"

I heard no sound, but shortly, far along the road, I spied a yellow blur waving near the ground, and knew, when I had watched it for some time, that it was a lantern carried by some one to light her steps along the irregular foot-path. I say "her," because shortly I could see the drapery of a woman's dress. It was my wife, returning home. I was certain of that now, and I called to her at once:

"Fleda, why on earth are you straggling about in the storm? Why didn't you send me to do what you wanted done? The wind is strong enough to carry you over the hills. I've been wild about you."

"I did not know the wind was so strong."

And I asked no more questions. My anxiety for Fleda swallowed up every other thought. However, she was perfectly well next day, though curiously depressed and abstracted.

I have not yet introduced myself. I am Henry Carrington. My business was that of cashier with the Dayton Brothers. My wife and I lived simply in a tiny out-of-town cottage in summer; in a tinier flat in winter. I had never been extravagant, and my only great folly had been to risk a certain sum of money, left me as a legacy, at the races. I backed the favorite and lost every dollar. Fleda was very much distressed when I told her the news.

"Not at the loss of the money, Henry," she said, "but that you should risk it at the races. My uncle once employed a young man who became dishonest and was finally arrested because of going to the races and betting and all that. Pray, pray, be careful."

The week passed quietly. Pay night came again. It often happens that the same night is stormy for several succeeding weeks. This night, however, was not as bad as the one on which my story opens. However, it was much more comfortable indoors than out. And yet, just as I was in the middle of a paragraph I was reading to her from the evening paper, I looked up and saw that Fleda had vanished. Again I searched the house. Again I found that she had left it. Again the yellow light of the lantern told me of her return. She was not out of breath this time, but she was pale and trembled a little. She shook her head when I asked her where she had been, and said:

"Nowhere. The house felt close. I wanted a little air. That is all."

"You did not find what I was reading interesting?" said I.

"I assure you—" she began, then broke off suddenly. "Don't talk about it!" she cried. "Don't! Don't! I pray, don't talk about it!"

I did not talk, but I thought a good deal, and I had reason to think. Day by day I noticed that Fleda was gradually growing thinner and paler. Her spirits were deserting her. And when the same day of the week came around, she left the house as mysteriously as before. The presence of a guest prevented me from following her; but I discovered that, in order to keep the knowledge of her absence from the house from me, she entered the storeroom, climbed out of the window at the risk of her neck and returned in the same manner. Moreover, I discovered on the sill a few scattered coins—a ten-cent piece and two pennies—which told me that she had dropped a portion of some money that she had taken with her. All this made me very unhappy. I detested mysteries, and it was evident that one of the sort which I had always thought unnatural when introduced into the pages of novels had arisen in my quiet little home.

I remembered that I had met my wife by chance; that our introduction was brought about by a chance acquaintance, who really knew nothing of either of us; that she was alone in the world, without any living relative, or claimed to be so; a teacher of music, with few pupils, making a hard struggle for life. Very possibly a disreputable father or brother had turned up, to whom she was obliged to give assistance, and whom she did not wish me to know. It was a pity, but I would have no more of this. I would get at the truth and help her if I could. Then a terrible thought occurred to me. What if it should prove that she had married early in life; that a worthless husband had returned, and that she was trying to get rid of him? In that case what a goose I would be to meddle and force upon myself a terrible knowledge which I might avoid.

It was cowardly, perhaps, but I loved Fleda so dearly that I had rather be deceived in such a way—I never doubted her utter truth for one moment—than to be undeceived to my misery. And, hoping against hope, I permitted two more weeks to pass by without doing anything whatever. Then came an hour when graver doubts possessed me. My wife had sold the diamond earrings which my sister had given her upon her wedding day. I came by this knowledge while examining her desk for letters, and I believed that she intended to give the money thus raised to the mysterious person who had the power to call her from her fireside when he pleased.

The night on which I followed her was as beautiful as night could be. The air was warm and full of the breath of flowers. My wife wore a white dress and a pretty hat with daisies around the brim. She had told me a deliberate falsehood, asking me to stay at home to receive a friend who might call while she went to the dressmaker's house.

A wild hope that she had only been to this dressmaker before, and that the jewels were sold to pay some extravagant bill, filled my heart, but it vanished as I followed her, and saw her leave the road after going a few paces, and take a by-path which ran back into our own orchard. It was a small place full of old apple trees. The moonlight failed to fill it, but I saw amidst the shadows of the foliage the darker shadow of a man's figure.

"I've kept me waiting," he whispered.

"I could not help it," my wife replied.

The man gave a low growl.

"I've got the money?" he said. "For your own interest you've got the money, the five hundred dollars."

Where had I heard that voice before?

"No," my wife faltered, "not so much; the jeweler would only give me three hundred, but I have that."

"Ye must raise the other two," growled the man. "Oh, you'll do it, it won't be a great dale to pay to save them we know of from twenty years in jail. Prodhuce it and tell me whin, or, afther all, I'll tell the truth; it's my duty anyway."

"Oh, good Heaven! I've given you all I have!" cried my poor wife. "I can get no more."

She seemed almost to faint. Whatever this mystery might be, it was my duty to defend her.

I strode out of the shadow, and, without warning, stood before them.

"Fleda," I cried, "what does this mean? Whom are you talking to? I must know! I will know! Do you fancy I have been blind to your meetings with this scoundrel?"

"Oh, don't speak so, dearest!" she cried. "Don't anger him. Go away. You don't know your danger."

"'Danger!'" I cried, clutching the collar of the man, who strove to rush past me. "Come; let me see whom I have here."

I dragged him into the light, and saw our porter, Honest Jim, and no other.

"Jim, by all that is comical!" I said. "And what is he to you, wife?"

"Oh, don't! Don't!" cried Fleda. "He knows all! He knows all!"

"Fleda," said I, "whatever he may know about you, have no fear. You are my wife. I love you. Nothing can alter that."

"Oh, it isn't I, Henry! It is you! He knows all about Razzle Dazzle, and what you did to get the money to bet on him. It was such a temptation, I know, my poor husband! And he swore he would not betray you if I gave him five hundred dollars. But I have not been able to raise it. I will, though. Spare my husband, and I will! Yes! Oh, I will earn it, somehow!" cried Fleda wildly.

"What confounded blackmailing trick is this?" said I, shaking Honest Jim furiously.

"Plase, let me go!" groaned Jim. "You put it into my head with your talk of your missus fearing you'd go wrong. I was up before you the night of the storrum, and she met me, and was aisy tuck in. An' I tried it ag'in. You an' the divil put it into my head. Here's the money back. Don't choke me! Here is the money back."

"What did he tell you, you silly child?" I asked Fleda.

"That you had robbed your employers to get money to stake on Razzle Dazzle," said she. "My only thought has been how to save you."

"Go!" I said to Honest Jim. "Show your face in the office again if you dare!"

I dismissed him with a kick and took Fleda in my arms.

"So you'd be true to me if I were both fool and rascal?" said I. "Poor little goosy!"

"And you'd love me if I had some dreadful story in my life?" said Fleda.

And we were very happy as we walked home together, arm in arm, my wife and I.—M. Cady, in N. Y. Ledger.

Mourning Colors in Russia.

Black is the almost universal mourning color in Europe, but there are a few exceptions. For instance, in Russia black is never used for covering coffins, the cloth being of a pink shade when the deceased is a child or young person, a crimson color for women and brown for widows. Italians do not use black cloth, white being used in the case of a child and purple velvet in the case of adults.

—Mr. Chimpanzee—"That ostrich eats enough for two birds. What do you suppose makes it so greedy, Mrs. C.?" Mrs. Chimpanzee—"I heard the keeper say it swallowed a pair of strong eye glasses yesterday, and they magnify its appetite."—Vogue.

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PA.

FRIDAY, - - - OCTOBER 6, 1893.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

For Judge of Supreme Court,
SAMUEL G. THOMPSON, of Philadelphia.

For State Treasurer,
FRANK C. OSBURN, of Pittsburg.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.

For Treasurer,
JOSEPH BENGELE, of Gallitzin Bor.

For County Commissioners,
PATRICK E. DILLON, of Elder Twp.
JOHN KIRBY, of Johnstown.

For Poor Director,
JOHN BEST, of Johnstown.

For Auditors,
W. C. BERRY, of Wilmore Bor.
F. E. FARABAUGH, of Carroll Twp.

Of the 200,000 boomers who rushed into the Cherokee Strip, Sept. 16, fully 100,000 have left.

MASSACHUSETTS Democrats have nominated ex-Congressman John E. Russell for governor. In the platform adopted the election of United Senators by popular vote is advocated.

A GALE at Mobile, Ala., blew the water in from the gulf, causing the river to rise and flood almost the entire city. Several persons were drowned, many houses wrecked; many warehouses and much shipping were destroyed.

JERRY SIMPSON wants each Congressman to be allowed to have 100 extra copies of the Congressional *Record*, that the silver discussion of this session may be given the fullest reading. The ragulation number of Records to Congressman is twenty-two.

THE new Chinese minister, Yang Yu, is about 50 years of age, and quite stout, with a round, full face. Mrs. Qang Yu is rarely visible to profane eyes. In accordance with Chinese custom she lives a life of almost hermitlike seclusion, dining alone and seeing no one, for visitors are not permitted to enter her apartment.

MRS. FRANK LESLIE, publisher of the *Frank Leslie* Magazines, succeeded in getting a divorce from her fourth husband who was Oscar Wilde's brother William. It is the third time she has been divorced and courts should now refuse her further licence. A woman who can't pick a man in four trials should have sense enough to let the men alone.

THE employees of the Citizens street railway company in Pittsburg have agreed to accept a wage reduction of seven and one half per cent. with the understanding that with the improvement of business wages will be restored to the present rates. The indications now are that some action will be taken by the employees of all the street railway companies in Allegheny and Pittsburg.

GOVERNOR PATTISON has received a letter from Executive Commissoner Faraquhar, of the State World's Fair commission, stating that the Pennsylvania state building had been accepted by the Chicago naval school in preference to the New York building, which was tendered with a donation of $5,000 in cash. The trustees of the naval school examined both buildings and decided in favor of the Pennsylvania.

WHICH represents the Republican party in this state, says the Harrisburg *Patriot*, the state convention or the Republican clubs. The convention advocated repeal of the Sherman law and instructed congressmen to vote for it. Cameron spoke against it. The clubs favored repeal but an effort to denounce Cameron was defeated. If his desertion of the cause be condoned by his party his position is practically endorsed by it, an endorsement of his position is destructive of the resolution favoring repeal. The party cannot blow hot and cold at the same time. It must be either for or against repeal. The first test of its devotion to the resolution found that party faltering. It overlooked Cameron's offense, refused to punish it and the party is therefore against repeal.

THE matrimonial alliance between Commander W. H. Whiting, United States navy, and Miss Ah Eong the Chinese maiden of Hawaii will soon be consummated. The only obstacle in the way has been removed by an order issued from the navy department relieving Commander Whiting in command of the Alliance and granting him a month's leave of absence with permission to apply for an extension. This leave, it is understood, is desired by Commander Whiting for the purpose of going to San Francisco to meet and marry his fiancee, who had just arrived there from Honolulu. He applied for it a month or more ago, but on account of the troubles in Nicaragua the department was unwilling to have him leave Corinto, where the Alliance is now stationed.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND has made a radical change in the matter of federal appointments. He proposes hereafter to accept the recommendations made by the heads of the departments to which the appointments relate, instead of undertaking to pass personally on the merits of the applicant's individual case and make the selection himself. He pursued this latter course during his first administration and undertook to continue in this, but the pressure upon him for office has become so great that he has finally been compelled, in the interest of his health, to abandon the task and to divide the work of filling the offices among his eight assistants in the cabinet. Senators and representatives in Congress and politicians generally have been informed of the new order of things, and now instead of making personal appeals to the President they direct their best energies to secure the indorsement of the cabinet, having jurisdiction in the matter.

If the people of the United States had any doubts as to President Cleveland's position with respect to the financial policy of the country his letter to Governor Northern, of Georgia, and published in the Atlanta *Constitution*, should remove them. In this letter, after expressing surprise that there should be any doubt as to the position, he says: "I want a currency that is stable and safe in the hands of our people. I will not knowingly be implicated in a condition that will justly make me in the least degree answerable to any laborer or farmer in the United States for a shrinkage in the purchasing power of the dollar he has received for a full dollar's worth of work, or for a good dollar's worth of product of his soil. I not only want our currency to be of such a character that all kinds of dollars will be of equal purchasing power at home, but I want it to be of such a character as will demonstrate abroad our widsom and good faith, thus placing us upon a firm foundation and credit among the nations of the earth. I want our financial conditions and the laws relating to our currency safe and re-assuring that those who have money will spend and invest it in business and new enterprises instead of hoarding it. You cannot cure fright by calling it foolish and unreasonable and you cannot prevent the frightened man from hoarding his money. I want good sound and stable money, and a condition of confidence that will keep it in use."

As to the silver question he is unequivocally in favor of the repeal of the Sherman law. At the same time he is a friend of silver, but is opposed to the free and unlimited coinage of silver by this country alone and independently, holding that the proper place for silver in our currency can only be fixed by a re-adjustment of our currency legislation and the inauguration of a consistent comprehensive financial scheme which can only be entered upon profitably and hopefully after the repeal of the Sherman law, which is charged with all our financial woes. In the present state of public mind, this law cannot be built upon or patched in such a way as to relieve the situation.

THIS will be an important week in the United States Senate. Something of a definite nature, says the Philadelphia *Herald*, may be done looking to the repeal of the infamous Sherman silver law. The sooner the senate in its majority overrides the disturbed minds of the silver leaders and their powerful but decidedly objectionable arguments, the better it will be for the prosperity of the nation. Something in the way of a level-headed, carefully executed move to upset the obstructions to repeal and rout the obstreperous anti-repeal kickers would be a blessing for the country. The straight-out silverites and mongrels of the Cameron kind have stirred up nothing but grave apprehension—a tendency to despondency in the business world. All the good accomplished by the prompt, desirable and decisive action of the House in voting for unconditional repeal has sadly suffered through the obstrucionists and their delays.

Careful observers now think that the time is at hand for the silverites to receive a set back. The objectors have about exhausted all their material for delays, and the representatives of the many millions of people who want repeal are ready to make a warlike advance. No one believes that the senate will dare oppose the will of the people. No one will concede that such a result is possible. The time for the majority to rule is now at hand. The time for a vote to be taken is here. Bluster and the wild, be-whiskered bull dog is now out of the question. The battle is over, and all that remains for the country is to know the result.

THE war claims committee of the national House of Representatives has reported favorably the bill for the payment of $3,447,945,94 to residents of Franklin county and the adjoining counties in Southern Pennsylvania for damages sustained by the invasion of Confederates and the presence of Union forces during the late war. These claims grew out of three expeditions into this state—in 1862, by General Stewart; in 1863, by General Lee, and in 1864, by General Jubal Early. The Confederate brigades of Johnson and McClausland crossed the Potomac July 29, 1864, and advanced upon Chambersburg. The town was invested by the entire command of Johnson and McCausland, and a demand made upon the people for $100,000 in gold or $500,000 in government funds as a ransom, a number of citizens being arrested and held as hostages for its payment. No offer of money was made by the people, and the town was burned by the Confederate forces. The burning of Chambersburg occurred July 30, 1864, and resulted in a loss which was estimated by commission appointed by two acts of assembly of Pennsylvania of 1868 and 1871. The most expensive raid to Pennsylvania was the raid of 1864 by General Early. Stewart's raid in 1862 amounted to $123,067, 60.

A VERY large and enthusiastic representation from all parts ot the state attended the general assembly of Democratic societies at Allentown last week. Vice President Stevenson was among the distinguished Democrats from outside the state in attendance. He was very warmly received. A banquet took place in the evening to which 1,600 persons sat down. Chauncey F. Black was re-elected president; Major John D. Worman secretary, and Robert E. Wright treasurer. Altoona was selected as the place of meeting next year.

THE Government of Saxony has adopted a novel method to secure the payment of taxes. The names of persons who did not pay their taxes last year are printed and hung up in all the restaurants and saloons. The proprietors dare not serve those mentioned on the lists with food or drink, under penalty of losing their licenses.

Washington Letter.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 3, 1893. Senators Vorhees, Gorman and Palmer, at different times this week took occasion to defend President Cleveland from the newspaper charge, which Senator Stewart unstrikenly dignified by reading in the Senate, of attempting by the use of patronage to control the legislative branch of the government. Of course everybody in Washington knows as well as these three Senators do that President Cleveland needs no defense, but there may be people elsewhere who are liable to be misled by constant reiteration of the charge. When Senator Palmer told Senator Stewart that if he would name one senator who had been controlled by the President through patronage he would gladly join him in getting a resolution passed providing for an investigation, Senator Stewart did not name a senator, Why? Simply because he knew of none. Senator Gorman's few remarks on the subject covered the case fully. He said: "I am not the mouthpiece of the President. His patronage I know nothing of or care nothing for. I neither have it nor want it. No President has ever been so careful to avoid the appearance of distributing patronage for his own ends. He has scarcely done his party justice."

Everybody has heard of that frequently mentioned article—"Senatorial courtesy"—, but with all due respect to the eminent and dignified gentlemen who compose the U. S. Senate it must be said that "Senatorial discourtesy" more truly applies to the numerous "tiffs" between Senators which have been such a feature of the debate this week. Space forbids their enumeration, but one specimen will give a general idea of all of them. Senator Wolcott referred to Senators Gorman and Aldrich as steerers of the Senators who favor the Vorhees repeal bill, and told of their having decided to begin next week holding twelve-hour sessions of the senate. Senator Gorman in reply said: "This is the first time that I have ever known a senator or his agents to listen at the committee room doors to tell the senate of the private conference of senators on any subject whatever."

The ultimate fate of the Vorhees bill is still very much in doubt. Cloture is a two edged weapon, and although its present adoption would be of great benefit to the Democratic party it is not probable that senator Platt's resolution will even be reported back from the committee on Rules, to which it was referred, and without cloture there is small probability that the bill will ever be voted upon without the consent of its opponents. Can that consent be obtained? That is a question that only the future can answer, but senators have confidence that it will be obtained through a movement now on foot among Democratic senators who favor the bill. This movement contemplates getting the consent of the opponents of the bill to the taking of a vote in exchange for the promise of enough votes to make the passage of a silver bill, something on the order of Senator Faulkners proposed amendment to the Vorhees bill, a certainty immediately after the Vorhees bill is passed. The House began the debate on the Tucker bill for the repeal of the Federal election laws according to programme, and so far it has been conducted upon Constitutional grounds, although it may get down to partizanship any hour. Although it will not alter or postpone the result, the order under which the House is acting making October 9th the last day of the debate, the absence of a quorum of Democrats at times is enough to aggravate the party leaders and to justify the adoption of a proposition which has been made, to keep a record of the absentees and to see that their constituents are informed through the party papers in their districts of every day's absence without leave. This would be troublesome to the congressmen, but just to their constituents.

The House committee on banking and currency after mature deliberation decided that more information should be obtained by the committee before it reported any financial bill to the House. In accordance with that decision the committee has given Representative Oates a hearing on his bill for the repeal of the tax on state bank currency and has listened to an argument by Representative McLaur in favor of his proposition to issue $125,000,000 in greenbacks to increase the currency in circulation. The chairman of the committee has been requested to obtain as much information as possible from the various state governments on the subject of state banks.

The sensational statements concerning the nomination of Mr. J. J. Van Allen to be Ambassador to Italy will doubtless be investigated by the senate committee of foreign relations before his nomination is acted upon. No one believes that either President Cleveland or ex Secretary Whitney was a party to any promise made to give Mr. Van Allen this position because of his having made a large campaign contribution, and an investigation will probably show that no such promise was made by anybody.

M.

A Floating Dead House.

GENOA, October 1.—The steamer Remo, which sailed from this port for Rio De Janeiro Santos, Brazil, August 15 with 1,433 emigrants has arrived at Santa Cruz De Teneriffe in the Canaries on her return voyage. Cholera broke out aboard her during her outward voyage and the health officers at the Brazilian ports refused to let her passengers be landed. Up to the time of her arrival at Santa Cruz, there were 123 cases of cholera on the Remo and sixty-four deaths. She is still infected. Her officers say that the return voyage has been made under great difficulties. The steamer was in great need of coal, water and provisions and the lack of proper food and drink is believed to have facilitated the spread of the disease among the emigrants. The officials at Santa Cruz provisioned the Remo and got sufficient coal aboard her for the rest of the voyage back to this port.

Resumptions At Braddock.

BRADDOCK, Oct. 3.—Yesterda was one of the most encouraging days in industrial circles which Braddock has had for some time. The Miller forge at Rankin started up one hammer and the machine shops. They will employ probably 50 men. They will work on a big rudder shaft for a new war vessel now being constructed near Baltimore. The machine shop of the Expanded Metal Works at Rankin, also started, employing 15 men, who have been idle a month. The galvanizing department of Braddock Wire Works was put on full double turn, it having been single, thus giving work to more men. The nail mill of the same concern will work for a time extra in the evening until 8 o'clock. The Pittsburg Wire Company state that they have orders that will keep them in operation until January.

FIVE negroes were legally hanged for murder in Mt. Vernon, Ga., Friday, on one scaffold. About 1,000 persons witnessed the executions.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Reform of The Tariff.

WASHINGTON, October 2.—The Democratic members of the ways and means committee are making progress with the tariff bill. The groundwork is understood to be free raw materials, with compensatory reductions in other directions. Chairman Wilson is said to be puzzled over the demand by many Democrats in his state for the retention of the coal and iron duties, but he looks to other schedules where reductions will more than make up any loss, real or anticipated.

As an instance of compensatory reduction several staples in Michigan are cited. Here are largely produced iron, copper, salt and lumber. There is also talk that, in making reductions, sufficient duty will be levied to yield a revenue on the increased importations affording more money than the present tariff. But the increase of the free list will offset this increase in the duties by reducing the duty on articles to the revenue point.

The customs revenues, with the present internal revenue taxes, will not, therefore, suffice to meet the increased expenditures, even if the sinking fund is not provided for. There is a growing impression that the deficit will be met by an increase in internal revenue taxes on whisky and tobacco. This matter is in the hands of a sub committee, of which Mr. McMillin, of Tennessee, is the chairman. Secretary Carlisle is understood to favor an increase in the case of whisky to $1.20 per gallon, calculating that each cent of tax added to the present tax, 90 cents, will afford $1,000,000 additional revenue. Nothing has as yet been decided upon, the members of the committee insist, but it seems to be the feeling that if the present idea that controls the committee prevails this will be the outcome.

Died For His Son's Crime.

NEW YORK, October 2.—A sensational story came to light in the Tombs Police Court to day, when a hunchback named Oscar Adler, 19 years old, of 213 East Forty-ninth street, was charged with forgery.

His father, Samuel Alder, was a marble merchant doing an extensive business in this city until June 18 last, when he committed suicide. At that time he was threatened with arrest by Marcus J. Krauss, of the firm of Bloomingdale Bros., dry goods merchants, who had charged that a note discounted by him for $750 was a forgery. The police have since been quietly working on the case, and their investigations have led to the belief that Samuel Adler was not the guilty person, but that his young son, Oscar, who was his trusted clerk, was the culprit, and when his father was threatened with arrest he questioned the son.

The latter is supposed to have confessed to his father, and then the old man, in a fit of grief, shot himself just as the officers were about to enter the house and arrest him. The fact has been discovered that over $20,000 is involved in the transaction of the Adlers of which about all is said to be in forged notes.

A Strict Treasury Watchman.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 2.—No one is admitted to the Treasury after 2 o'clock without a properly signed pass, except by card at the main door. About half-past 4 to day a gentleman approached one of the corner entrances and asked admission. His attention was called to the rule, when he asked permission to send up his card, but the watchman refused to leave his post. The visitor said "I am the Vice President and have an engagement with Mr. Carlisle." The information made no impression on the watchman, who referred to the order again, and said the Vice President must go to the main entrance. The Vice President protested, but the gatekeeper was immovable and Mr. Stevenson had to go to the main entrance.

Turned On His Assailant.

PARKERSBURG, W. VA., October 2.—Thomas Dougherty, George Fox and Richard and Perry Sprouse wayland Henry Wetzel as he was returning from work at the Glens' Falls mines. They beat him and left him for dead. Wetzel recovered consciousness and crawled home. When the gang heard that he was still alive they returned to his house, and battered down a door. Wetzel, weak and covered with blood, stood on the defensive with a butcher knife, and stabbed Richard Sprouse three times in the left breast, two of the thrusts penetrated his heart. Wetzel and Fox are in jail. Dougherty, Perry and the other Sprouse have fled. The coroner's jury has returned a verdict finding Wetzel guilty of murder.

Boiled to Death.

CINCINNATI, October 2.—At 5:30 this morning freight train No. 63 on the Big Four Railroad ran into three loaded flat cars at Edgewood. The engine was lifted bodily from its trucks and the tender thrown down a thirty foot embankment. On the front of the first car three tramps from Columbus were riding. They were pinned in the wreckage and two of them boiled to death by escaping steam. The other was fearfully crushed about the head and breast, and was taken from the debris only to die shortly afterward. The names of the killed are Joe Jordan, a chainmaker of Columbus, O., James Murphy, Columbus, foundryman, and Joseph Blanch.

Will Build a Big Plant.

PITTSBURG, October 2.—The mysterious purchase of land at Ashtabula, the great iron ore receiving port of Lake Erie, comprising 3,000 acres, has developed into the fact that the Standard Oil company, or more properly speaking, the Rockefellers, are the interested parties. It is said that an immense steel works will be erected to compete with the Carnegie and Illinois steel companies. Twenty-one open hearth furnaces will be operated, it is said, with an output of 2,000 tons of steel a day.

Cows Slain For Science.

NEWTOWN, Pa., Sept. 30.—A herd of blooded cows on the farm of Alfred C. Johnson, near here, was slaughtered to day by order of the State Veterinary Surgeon. It had been determined that the cattle were suffering from tuberculosis. They were principally Alderneys, and all were worth more than $100 each and some were valued at $200. The loss to the owner is in the neighborhood of $3000.

NEWS AND OTHER NOTINGS.

—The arrivals of grain shipments are so large that a blockade is threatened at San Francisco.

—A new machine has been invented that will greatly reduce the cost of making binder twine.

—One man was drowned and several narrowly escaped by the collapse of a bridge at Chicago.

—Thousands of coal miners are quitting work to join the strikers in the Charleroi and Borinage districts.

—The hop crop of Germany is the smallest for many years and she will be compelled to import largely.

Happy and content is a home with "The Rochester," a lamp with the light of the morning. Catalogues, write Rochester Lamp Co., New York.

—The Big Riverton steel plant at Benwood, W. Va., employing 1,000 hands, have started work after a three months' shut down.

—A panic in a Jewish synagogue at Kalwarya, Poland, caused by a false alarm of fire, resulted in 9 persons being killed and 100 injured.

—Experienced engineers say that reversing the lever when a train is at full speed when an accident is impending only makes the train go faster.

—Nancy Campbell, an aged Carlisle, Pa., colored woman, cut her throat with a razor because she couldn't raise 25 cents to see the county fair.

—An unknown negro assaulted a white girl in St. Louis recently, and in trying to escape jumped into the Mississippi river and was drowned.

—His great-grandfather, grandfather and father hung themselves, and Farmer Joseph Myatt, of Greenville, Ill., has just followed their example.

—Three conspirators who were to have wired to the East bogus drawings from the Franklin Lottery at Louisville Ky., were exposed and arrested.

—American workmen have been given all the situations of the riotous Huns and Italians who recently struck at the Riverside Steel Works, Benwood, W. Va.

—Car shops of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Company at Palo Alto and Schuylkill Haven has been ordered to work 10 hours and to take no more men.

—A hurricane in the vicinity of New Orleans, Sunday night, caused the death of 21 persons and destroyed hundreds of thousands of dollars' worth of property.

—Frank Gerhart, of Derry, aged 14 years, fell thirty feet from a hickory tree Monday and broke his right arm in two places and his left in five, besides sustaining internal injuries.

—All the departments of the Pennsylvania steel works at Steelton, with the exception of the merchant mill, resumed on Monday morning with a full employment of men.

—At Stoudsburg William Ruff, a lad 16 years old, who recently set fire to his bed in his cell, was sent to the penitentiary for 11 years. He had been convicted of arson, criminal assault and other offences.

—William Leonard, a Texas millionaire, who has about $4,000 a month spending money is so infatuated with Fay Templeton that he has taken $18 a week position as a chorus singer in her opera company.

—Wallace Hart, a half-breed Indian, suspected of the murder of Samuel Wrightly and wife, an aged couple, at Newton, Pa., September 24, was captured in a swamp near Morrisville, N. J. on Tuesday.

—The train for Dubois on the Clearfield and Mahoning railroad ran into a herd of cows a few days ago, near the Rocky mills and killed five of them. This is said to be the greatest number of cattle killed by a train at one time.

—A miner named Sheener, employed in the mines at Smithtown, Westmoreland county, was killed Friday evening by being run over by loaded trip. He was aged about 40 years and leaves a large family in very destitute circumstances.

—George Walker, probably the biggest man in the United States, died at his home in Rockland, Rhode Island, of typhoid fever last week. The deceased weighed 500 pounds and was 6 feet 11 inches tall, and his waist measure was 72 inches.

—Erwin Reagle, a prominent citizen of Portland, Penna, has disappeared. On Monday he and his wife made an assignment for the benefit of his creditors. A few days later Reagle could not be found. His liabilities are said to be nearly $40,000.

—Arthur W. Campbell, who claims Pittston, as his home, was arrested in Boston, charged with passing worthless checks on local drygoods houses. Campbell, had many victims among church people and others who have been led to assist him in varous schemes.

—Ligonier township, Westmoreland county, was raided Monday night by thieves, who stole 100 pounds of honey from Henry Swank, twenty-five bushels of corn from J. N. Ulerick, all of Mrs. Scott's cabbage, and a 250 pound hog from George Weimer. The robbers were tracked as far as New Florence.

—Mike Mulligan, a resident of Harrisburg, aged about 25 years, and a fireman on the Middle division of the Pennsylvania railroad, had his neck broken on Thursday morning of last week at McVeytown by being caught in the mail catcher. He was leaning out the window too far when he met with the accident.

—At Nevada, Mo., on Tuesday a woman and her two little daughters, 5 and 6 years old respectively, narrowly escaped instant death on a railway trestle. The woman leaped as a train approached. The engine knocked both girls down between the ties, and 38 cars passed over them; but the children were unhurt.

—Gotlieb Graver, a German, aged about 21 years, of Philadelphia, while endeavoring to board a moving freight train at Newport on Wednesday of last week, was thrown to the track and so severely injured that death ensued shortly afterwards. Deceased was a morocco finisher and was in search of employment.

—The Joliet branch of the Illinois Steel Company has given its ultimatum to the men to go to work on a 33⅓ per cent. reduction, or they will start up with non-union men. Superintendent Pettigrew told them he could get all the men he wanted at $1 a day. The mills will be in readiness to start October 15th.

—There is a pronounced brightening of the industrial situation at Scranton. On Monday there were two resumptions, one at the north mill of the Lackawanna Iron & Steel Company, employing 500 hands, and the other at the works of the Scranton lace curtain manufactory, giving work to 400 more. The South Side works will all resume November 1, employing over 1,000 hands.

EVERYTHING ON WHEELS.

Buggies, Wagons, Farm Machinery,

Saw Mills, Engines and Boilers.

FACTS FOR FARMERS

Oliver Invented and Gave to the World the Chilled Plow.

THE GENUINE **OLIVER CHILLED PLOWS**

MADE ONLY BY THE

Oliver Chilled Plow Works,

South Bend, Indiana,

ARE THE BEST GENERAL PURPOSE PLOWS IN THE WORLD.

A strong statement but a true one, for these plows are better known, have reached a larger sale, have had a longer run, have proved more popular and given better satisfaction than any other plows on the face of the globe.

We mean the GENUINE OLIVER, and not the imitations claiming to be the Oliver, or equally as good. Such imitations are on the market, placed there by unscrupulous manufacturers who seek to trade on the good name of the OLIVER.

Look out for imitations, buy only the genuine Oliver plows and repairs, and be sure you are right before you take the plow home.

☞Once more—Beware of "bogus" Oliver plows and repairs, and take none but the genuine, made by the OLIVER CHILLED PLOW WORKS, SOUTH BEND, INDIANA.

ENORMOUS INCREASE IN SALES IN

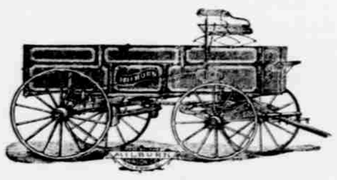
RICE COIL SPRINGS!

Look at My Unconditional Guarantee.

I guarantee the Rice Coil Spring Vehicles to be the easiest riding and most durable made in the world. If after six weeks' trial the Rice Coil is found not to be the easiest riding spring you ever used, I will exchange for any other style.

MILBURN

Hollow AXLE.



FARM WAGON.

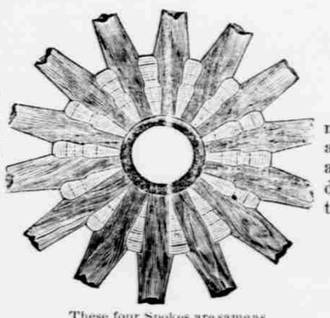
MY CUSTOMERS SAY IT IS THE

Easiest Running, Best Made, Best Painted, Best Ironed Wagon They Can Buy.

EVERY ONE GUARANTEED.

☞MILBURN NEW SPOKE LEAVES THE WOOD AT BOTH THROAT AND SHOULDERS.

The Weakest Point in a Spoke is where it enters the Hub. Milburn is the Strongest.



The Hub is not cut away at the center and the Spokes do not come together.

These four Spokes are same as used by other manufacturers of Farm Wagons.

MILBURN NEW HUB.

☞Send for special circulars and prices of anything in my line.

N. B. SWANK,

307 Cor. Main and Bedford Streets,

JOHNSTOWN, PA.

FARMERS!

TAKE NOTICE.

If You Want

GOOD FLOUR

TAKE YOUR GRAIN TO THE

OLD SHENKLE MILL

In Ebensburg.

THE

FULL ROLLER PROCESS

For the Manufacture of Flour has been put in the Old Shenkle Grist Mill in Ebensburg, and turns out nothing but

FIRST CLASS WORK.

Bring in your Grain and give us a trial. Each man's grain is ground separately and you get the flour of your own wheat. The mill is run every day with the BEST OF POWER.

SAMUEL D. LUDWIG,

Proprietor.

sep15.93

FEES BROS.'

Shaving Parlor,

Main Street, Near Post Office

☞The undersigned desires to inform the public that they have opened a shaving par or on Main street, near the post office where barbering in all its branches will be carried on in the future. Everything neat and clean.

Your patronage solicited.

FEES BROS.

CASSIDAY'S

Shaving Parlor,

EBENSBURG.

THIS well-known Shaving Parlor is located on Centre street, near the County Jail, has recently been handsomely refurnished, papered, and fitted with every modern convenience, and is one of the prettiest, neatest, and best shops in Northern Cambria. It is in charge of competent workmen who will give every attention to customers. Your patronage solicited.

ROBERT CASSIDAY.

B. & B.

NEW

Dress Woolens

FOR

AUTUMN AND WINTER.

We're showing immense lines and choice desirable stuffs, well-bought and well-selected from the best of the season's productions, of both foreign and domestic looms.

Prices to suit you all, from 25c. to $2.50 a yard.

A very desirable and extensive range of new

FALL DRESS WOOLENS.

Cheviots, Hopsacks, Illuminated or Two-toned Fabrics, Mixtures, Plaids, Checks, etc., in all the new color combinations—36 and 38 inch—50 cent stuffs,

At 45 Cents

A yard.

5 CENTS A YARD is not a big saving, but 5 cents on every yard all the same is quite an item, and worth looking after these times.

When you come to the Western Penn's Exposition, the rapid transit facilities, cable and electric cars, will bring you to the Allegheny side in three minutes, and it's worth your while to come to this side if you have any trading to do.

If you're not coming to the Exposition, write us for

SAMPLES, PRICES,

and a copy of our

ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE AND FASHION JOURNAL,

or write us any way, whether you'll be in the city or not.

Post yourself upon the styles and prices.

BOGGS & BUHL,

115, 117, 119 & 121 Federal St.,

ALLEGHENY, PA.

JUST RECEIVED.

A CAR LOAD OF

ODORLESS PHOSPHATE

AT

EBENSBURG FOUNDRY.

ALSO; SOME ELEGANT POTATO DIGGERS.

JOHN PFISTER,

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

Hardware, Queensware,

MADE-UP CLOTHING,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

VEGETABLES IN SEASON,

HARNESS, ETC.,

OPPOSITE JUNCTION HOTEL.

CRESSON, PA.

may92 20ly

IT WILL PAY YOU

To go QUINN'S, Clinton street, Johnstown, to buy Carpets, Linoleums, Mattings, Oil Cloths, Blankets, Feathers, &c. Prices Reduced on All Goods, and FREIGHT PAID on All Large Packages.

JAMES QUINN.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE. Letters testamentary having been granted to the undersigned in the estate of Catharine Tomlinson, late of Allegheny township, in Cambria county, deceased, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment to us without delay and those having claims against said estate will present them for settlement.

JOHN TOMLINSON,
SIMON TOMLINSON,
Executors of Catharine Tomlinson, deceased.

Sept. 15, 1893.

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PA.

FRIDAY, - - - OCTOBER 6, 1893.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

—Mrs. M. D. Bearer is visiting friends in Coalport.

—Miss May Henry, of Houtzdale, spent Sunday in town visiting friends.

—There are a large number of typhoid fever cases in Spangler and vicinity.

—Quite a number of our people are attending the Carrolltown fair these days.

—Mr. V. P. Sanker, of Washington township, spent a few hours in town on Monday.

—Fire damaged the residence of Ed. Grafe, Johnstown, on Monday evening to the extent of $500.

—Conductor Rush, accompanied by his wife and wife's mother, drove to Chest Springs on Sunday.

—Warren O'Hara, aged about 6 years, son of Mrs. J. A. O'Hara, of this place, is laid up with typhoid fever.

—One night last week dogs killed 33 sheep belonging to J. L. Root, a farmer residing near Bellwood.

—Owing to the bad weather the races booked for Wednesday at the Carrolltown fair were postponed until Thursday.

—Miss Annie O'Hara, daughter of Mr. Samuel O'Hara, of Munster township, is seriously ill with hemorrhage of the lungs.

—A reunion of the Sixteenth Pennsylvania cavalry will be held in the Huntingdon opera house on Thursday, October 19th.

—Mr. Michael Storm and W. H. Maher, two of Cresson's best citizens called in to see us on Thursday of last week while in attendance at the fair.

—Dr. F. C. Jones, Dr. T. M. Richards, Ex-Sheriff John L. Stough and James Wilkinson, of this place, started for the World's Fair on Monday.

—The greatest nuisance in the land at present is the man who has been at the World's Fair and imagines you want him to tell you all about it.

—Mr. Samuel Kelly has commenced the erection of a dwelling house in Chest Springs on the site of the old Franklin House, which was burned down.

—Mr. Daniel Henry, a former resident of Summit, but for a couple of years past a citizen of Braddock, was in town on Monday and dropped in to see the FREEMAN.

—Scott McFeeter, an inmate of the Dixmont insane asylum from Morrellville, died in that institution on Tuesday night. The remains were brought to Johnstown for interment on Wednesday night.

—Mr. Fergus Lloyd and wife, Web Griffith, Mrs. Edward Griffith, Mrs. Porter, Miss Eva Lloyd, Bert Davis, John Thompson, Harry Blair and Frank James are visiting the World's Fair at Chicago.

—A citizen may vote who has not been registered provided he can prove his residence, but he must have paid a state or county tax that was assessed within two years. October 7th is the last day on which tax can be paid.

—Unless your envelopes state the number of days you wish your letters held, the postmaster, by a new ruling, will hold them only five days instead of ten. This is important to business men who do not want their letters, when not delivered, detained over five or ten days.

—A card from a Pittsburg commission merchant informs us that the first shooks of the season arrived in that city last week and found a ready sale at $42 per bushel. It also stated that the price would probably drop to from $4 to $6 when the harvest was gathered.

—Prof. J. H. Gaut, who has been handling a number of Pittsburg daily papers in this place, desires to inform his patrons that in the future he will not deliver the papers around through the town. People wishing the Pittsburg dailies can call and get them at his barber shop.

—Mrs. James Wilson, of Latrobe, a former resident of Barr township, where her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Casper Smith, still reside, spent a few hours in town on Tuesday, and while here called on the FREEMAN, of which she is an old reader, and renewed her subscription.

—Mortimer & Ogilvie, the new clothing firm of Johnstown, will display a line of their men's, boys' and children's fall suits and overcoats in town next week. Parties desirous of preparing themselves for the cold weather will do well to wait and see what the new firm can do for them.

—Six tramps were arrested at Bensereek on Monday for trespassing on the cars of the Pennsylvania railroad. They were taken to Gallitzin for a hearing before Squire Parrish, who, in default of a fine of $5 and costs each, committed them to jail. They were brought up on Tuesday.

—On September 10th the Pennsylvania railroad put into effect a schedule that greatly reduced the number of trains running on the road. On Saturday the schedule was altered and the trains then displaced with were again put on, giving employment to a large number of suspended employes.

—John Nearhoff, who has had charge of the buying and selling of flour for M. Horner & Sons, millers, at Tyrone, has been discovered to have been falsifying his accounts for some time past. While his accounts were being investigated he disappeared, but has been caught. His peculations amount to $2,700.

—Burglars broke into the office of Squire Hand, Johnstown justice, on Saturday night. The intruders were not after a hearing, as the Squire was absent and they made very little noise. They, however, in their search for plunder, broke open the safe in the office, but got nothing but some postage stamps for their trouble.

—Prof. J. T. Rothrock, secretary of the Pennsylvania Forestry Association, has just sent to the sixty-six county school superintendents of the state a circular letter in which he requests that at least one exercise of every county teachers' institute shall consist of an essay, written by a teacher, or an address on the subject of forestry.

—Frank Gearhart, of Burrell township, Indiana county, aged 18 years, started on Monday morning to gather nuts. His mother, alarmed at his prolonged absence, started to look for him and found him lying unconscious under a tree with both arms broken and blood running from cuts and wounds on his head. He was taken to his home and is not expected to live.

—The card of P. J. Little, Esq., attorney at law, appears in the FREEMAN this week. Mr. Little has opened up an office in the Opera House in this place, and we feel certain from a long acquaintance with the gentleman and his well-known business qualifications and ability those entrusting business to his care will find it promptly and satisfactorily attended to.

—The autumn meeting of the Pennsylvania state board of agriculture and farmers' institute will be held this year at Kittanning, October 11th and 12th. The opening address will be delivered by D. W. Lesser, of Dayton, resident member of the board, and the address of welcome by Calvin Reyburn, of Kittanning. Governor Pattison will reply on behalf of the board.

—On Wednesday Constable J. J. Rhoddy, of Ashville, arrested John Mack in Altoona on the charge of criminally assaulting a young girl in the neighborhood of Ashville a few days previous to his arrest. Constable Rhoddy took his prisoner to Ashville but we have not learned whether on his arrival Mack was identified as the man who made the assault or not. Mack is about 50 years of age and a veteran of the late war.

—A female bear, weighing about 170 pounds, when slaughtered, followed two boys off the side of the mountain near Water Street, Huntingdon county, to the threshold of their home. To say that the boys made tracks when they saw their pursuer is putting it mildly, but brain had not calculated on the boys' father, John Waite, who appeared with an axe, and with a couple of well directed blows succeeded in laying out Mrs. Bear.

—On Thursday Gallitzin Myers, Cornelius Hunt, Daniel Angus, William George, Joseph Masters, Elias Roland and Joseph Bearer met in this place as viewers to view and assess the damages done to the property of George Huntley in Ebensburg and Cambria township, by the railroad down the Blacklick passing through it. Quite a number of witnesses have been subpoenaed to give their opinion on the question of damages.

—George English, a respected citizen of Antis township, Blair county, while returning home on foot from Altoona on Tuesday evening, asked a young man in a buggy to take him in. The young man did so, playing off drunk, and stole Mr. English's silver watch. When English accused him of the theft, the thief jumped from the buggy and left English in possession of the rig, thinking perhaps that a fair exchange was no robbery.

—In our advertising columns will be found a new advertisement by that popular clothing man of Carrolltown, C. A. Sharbaugh. To his old customers it is unnecessary to say anything, as those who have been his patrons will still continue, but to those unacquainted with him we can say that in dealing with him you will find his prices as low as the lowest and that you can at all times depend upon being honestly dealt with and getting exactly what you are told you are getting.

—Messrs. Arthur Darby, formerly of this city, now of Carrolltown, and George A. McCloskey, of the latter place, arrived in the city last evening over the Baltimore & Ohio railroad from Ohio, West Virginia and Maryland, where they had been on a hunting expedition for the past month. During their hunt they shot a hundred and sixty-two squirrels, four turkeys, eight pheasants and a fox. They spent last night in the city and left this morning for home.—*Johnstown Tribune.*

—Mr. T. W. Letts, who for the past three years has been editor of the Carrolltown *News*, in last week's issue of that paper bid farewell to its readers, having sold the establishment to Prof. J. S. Foley. Prof. Foley is well known to the people of the north of the county, having been a successful teacher in the public schools in different sections of the county for a number of years and is an able and intelligent writer. We welcome him to the newspaper fold and wish him and the *News* a long and successful career.

—Joseph Killen, of near Armagh, Indiana county, one day last week purchased a scap of bees at a public sale and started home, carrying his purchase on horseback. He was under the impression that he had his bees fully secured in the scap, but before he had proceeded far he found they had discovered a way out and were fully bent on making him answer for disturbing their domicile. He held on to the the scap for a while but it soon became too hot for him and he dropped it, but not before he and his horse were badly stung.

—The many friends among the editorial fraternity of Frank S. Bowman, editor of the Millersburg, Pa., *Sentinel*, and his good wife, will learn with regret of the serious illness of the latter, who, under the surgeon's knife, had a large tumor removed from her right breast on Saturday. The paragraph in the the *Sentinel* indicating that the operation was believed to be a successful one and that the patient gives every promise of recovery, is hopeful news to her distant friends, who join with those near in the wish for her speedy recovery.

—Joseph Fisher, administrator of the the estate of Silas Nagle, deceased, will sell at the late residence of the deceased in Allegheny township, on Monday, October 9th, at 10 o'clock, A. M., two mares, three colts, four cows, one heifer, two calves, two pigs, two wagons, one buggy, one cart, one sleigh, one twin sled, two double sets of harness, mower, hay rake, separator, grain drill, four plows, three harrows, corn sheller, windmill, rye and oats by the bushel, hay and straw by the ton, corn by the shock, household and kitchen furniture, etc.

—J. H. Miller, an Indiana county man, is another of those who have no faith in banks. By economy and thrift he had saved about $800 for a rainy day. Of this money $100 was in gold, $50 in silver and the remainder in bills. Miller put this money in a self-sealing jar and buried it in his yard. But someone else knew it. About ten days ago this someone quietly dug up the jar, emptied it of its contents, dropped the jar and skedaddled into the night. The jar was found next morning and an examination revealed the fact of the robbery. There is no clue.

—Samuel M. Williams, a clerk in the Tyrone postoffice, was arrested on Friday last, charged with robbing the mails. For some time past money has been missing from letters that had passed through that office and by means of a decoy letter the crime was fastened upon Williams. After his arrest the young man confessed and told where he had hid the money, nearly $800 of which was recovered. He is twenty-two years of age, single, and for two years had been a trusted employe of the Tyrone postoffice. On Saturday he was taken to Altoona where he had a hearing before United States Commissioner Ambrose, who committed him to jail at Pittsburg to await trial.

—Miss Clara Sharetts, of Summerhill township, aged about twenty years, was struck by second section of Limited express at South Fork on Thursday afternoon of last week and hurled from the track. When picked up it was found that her left leg was broken, she was badly bruised about the body, and had received a slight concussion of the brain. Miss Sharetts was standing on the platform when the train for Dunlo pulled out, and wishing to cross the railroad and thinking the track was cleared, started across without looking, when the express came along at a rapid rate and caught her. She was taken to her home the same afternoon and there are said to be hopes for her recovery.

—On Thursday of last week the little six-year-old daughter of Frank Sherbondy, in Mendon, Westmoreland county, was burned to death. The little unfortunate was with the other children engaged in playing in the kitchen, when she, taking the poker, heated it red hot and was boring holes in a pine board that she had found. While engaged at this her clothes took fire, and in a moment she was enveloped in flames. Her screams quickly brought her mother from an adjoining room, but too late, as she was then burned almost to a crisp. She died, after suffering the most excruciating agony, in a very short time. The parents are almost broken-hearted over the sad fate of their little one.

—On Friday of last week a warrant was issued for Gilbert Williams, William Mahon and Peter Stinebiser, charging them with the robbery of the store of Mr. Andrew Strittmatter in this place a short time ago. At a hearing before Squire Jones on Monday Gilbert Williams was discharged, the evidence being deemed insufficient to hold him, while Mahon and Stinebiser were committed to jail for trial.

—A Doylestown, Pa., dispatch says: This has been a great season for cider. At the Heist mill, at this place, 50,000 bushels of apples have already been ground up and the juice extracted therefrom. Mr. Heist is now filling an order for 3,000 barrels of cider, which, if shipped at one time, would require a train of 50 cars. The Mr. Heist refered to is Allen H. Heist, a brother of Mr. T. H Heist of this place, and is a well-known to a number of people here.

—On Wednesday afternoon while Ferdinand Kock, the efficient clerk in J. R. Flenner's hardware store, was sitting at the rear of the storeroom, he heard the front door open and an object walking heavily over the floor, says the Huntingdon *Journal*. Mr. Koch sprang from his seat with the intention of waiting on a customer, but to his great surprise he discovered that the visitor was a large black Texas steer belonging to George A. Port. Mr. Koch endeavored to drive the intruder out, but there was not enough room for the animal to turn and it was necessary to drive him to the rear of the storeroom before he could be turned around. The steer was on his good behavior and therefore nothing was destroyed.

—The trial of Elder Robert H. Singer, the Disciple Evangelist, at Somerset last week, resulted in a verdict on Friday of guilty of assault and battery but not of attempted rape. The case has excited a great deal of feeling on both sides and was contested by able counsel who were very bitter in their denunciations of their opposing clients. Elder Singer was arrested last winter, charged by a Mrs. Jeffries with having attempted to criminally assault her while in a room alone, whither they had gone to discuss religious subjects. A motion and reasons for a new trial have been filed by counsel for the defendant. Elder Singer, when a boy and young man, was a resident of Ebensburg. He is about 50 years of age and has a wife and family at California, Pa.

—Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Miller, of Brushvalley township, Indiana county, had no faith in banks and kept their savings burled in a tin can in the garden. Every now and then they added something to the contents of the can, and when they last deposited it, it contained $857, half of which was in gold and silver. On Wednesday evening of last week they intended to make an additional deposit, when, to their utter amazement on searching for the can, the treasure was gone. It was the savings of a lifetime and some unprincipled person had discovered their secret hiding place and carried their money off. Hiding money away is about the poorest use it can be put to, and people who have more than they need should try and loan it to some one who can make use of it.

Coal Developments Near Indiana.

The McHugh Bros have leased the McHenry coal mines on Twolick and are preparing to operate them on an extensive scale. Ten miners will be put in the pit at once, and more as the demand for coal increases. These men own a diamond drill and will put down several holes along the creek as well as on Ramsey's run. They are the men who made the search for coal on the Blacklick creek, near Ebensburg, and the seams developed by them caused the building of the new railroad down the creek from Ebensburg. They say if they can find four or five thousand acres of good coal, not too far from the line of the Indiana branch, eastern capitalists stand ready to purchase the land and develop the coal. A road from Twolick station could be built at a very small cost per mile, and we would not be surprised to see such an enterprise entered upon within a year.—*Indiana Messenger.*

Improved Freight Traffic.

According to the Pittsburg *Post*, a Pennsylvanian railroad official said on Tuesday: "I am pleased to state that the freight situation on the Pittsburg division shows an improvement. It is not much yet, but still it is an enough to be noticeable and shows that the tendency is in the right direction. That is the principal thing, for during the summer when freight is falling off and we didn't know when we would reach the bottom, there was a general feeling of gloom on the divison. The tendency is all right now, and as long as there is hope it makes a decidely better feeling. We are moving about 300 carloads of coke at present per day, and at one time during the summer the coke movement fell to less than sixty carloads. The increase is certainly gratifying. There are more trains being run, but there have as yet been no shifting crews added to the regular force."

The Site Selected.

The commissioners appointed by the Governor to select a site on which to erect a building for the care of feeble-minded children, and which, in the fulfillment of their duties, examined a location near Wilmore, in this county, on Wednesday made a report recommending a number of tracts of land in Venango county, containing about 800 acres, along the Big Sandy creek, near Franklin.

George W. Guthrie, of Pittsburg, presented the report to the Governor, who, after approving it, directed it to be forwarded to the state board of charities, which is also required to approve it. The price of the ground selected is $24,000. The amount appropriated by the legislature for the purchase of the site and the construction of the building is $560,000. Work on the latter will be commenced during the present year.

Hard Times Past.

The country probably never before experienced such a hard panic with so little general effect on business, and the country has never been in as good condition as it is in to-day. The demand for articles of known purity and quality has been steadily increasing instead of decreasing. So it is with the rye whiskies bottled by Max Klein. The public know that the Silver Age, Duquesne and Bear Creek ryes are the finest in the country. They know that doctors recommend them; that as a stimulant they are unsurpassed. They are for sale by all first-class hotels and dealers at $1.50, $1.25 and $1.00 per quart respectively. Send for a catalogue of the finest whiskies, wines and liquors in the state to Max Klein, 82 Federal street, Allegheny, Pa.

Killing the Canada Thistle.

The Canada thistle, although a rather pretty blue flower, is as great a pest as the white rudbackia, misnamed daisy. The thistle when cut off in fair weather will soon cap over and start at once from the stub, and some of the roots will start independently for the surface. The surest method for destroying this pest is to cut them near the surface while raining, at any time from formation of bloom to maturing of plant. The rain should be of some duration. The plant will excrete the juice and absorb the water, which is certain death.

Showery weather is rather preferable, as all vegetation is more active during the sudden change of the elements. Small areas can be cut on the approach of heavy showers, but it must be immediately proceeding, and you have the Canada thistle scientifically and almost automatically conquered at merely the cost of cutting.

A Prize Fight at Gallitzin.

On Monday night Thomas McCarthy, of Newry, Blair county, and Thomas F. McCarthy, of DuBois, Pa., heavyweights, fought under Queensbury rules at the opera house in Gallitzin for a purse of $250, the winner to take 75 per cent. and the loser 25 per cent.

Fully five hundred people were spectators and the betting was in favor of the Newry man.

The DuBois man weighed 167 pounds; height, 5 feet 11 inches; age, 24. The Newry man weighed 190 pounds; height, 6 feet 1¼ inches; age 26. The DuBois man was seconded by Reakes and Brannen, the Newry man by Charles Piper and Dan McMahon. Referee, Charles Chambers; time-keeper, Johnson. The gloves used were regular six ounce boxing gloves.

At 10:19 the Newry man entered the ring, followed one minute later by the DuBois man. The men shook hands at 10:30 and the fight began at once.

First round. Both men sparring for an opening; the DuBois man led with his left but the blow was neatly parried by his opponent. The DuBois man lands again and gets a quick blow on the cheek. The DuBois man lands on his opponent's side with his right and the round ends with no honors to either man.

Second round. Both men sparring for an opening. DuBois man lands with his right but with little effect. The Newry man drives him to the ropes—here they clinched. After breaking away, the DuBois man lands on Newry man's neck with right. Each man lands some quick and furious infighting which did not last long. The DuBois man lands his right on the Newry man's stomach, some close infighting, DuBois man runs Newry man to the ropes, landing several heavy blows upon his face.

Third round. DuBois man lands two blows on his opponent's face and gets one in return. Newry man becomes the aggressor and lands several blows on his opponent's face. They clinch and a foul is claimed by Newry man's seconds, but was not allowed. The men continue fighting, clinching several times, and the round ends with honors in favor of the DuBois man. The infighting was very fast and furious during the latter part of the round.

Fourth round. Both men sparring for an opening. The DuBois man very furious; they clinch, and another foul is claimed, which is allowed by the referee, and amid much jeering and hissing by the disappointed spectators, the Newry man was declared the winner on the foul.

When the referee gave the fight to the Newry man on the claim of foul, the spectators became very much excited, and several flourished pistols, but officers arrived in time to prevent bloodshed.

The honors were in favor of the DuBois man at the end of almost every round, and he would doubtless have won if he had not become over-anxious.

Philipsburg and Altoona Railroad.

Mr. Samuel P. Langdon, the originator and builder of the Philipsburg and Altoona railroad, which parallels the Tyrone and Clearfield railroad from here to Ramey, and will next year be built from Ramey to connect with the Wopsononock railroad, was in town yesterday, and through the courtesy of Dr. J. W. Dunwiddie, we had a short but very pleasant interview with him. He tells us that his road from here to Ramey is completed except 4,100 feet, and that will be finished as soon as Judge Krebs will decide to allow him to cross the Tyrone and Clearfield railroad branch tracks at Mapleton, Coal Run and Brisbin. His rolling stock, consisting of 400 freight cars, three passenger cars and two locomotives, are built and ready for shipment, in proof of which he showed us letters from the builders. He says he will have his road in operation in forty-eight hours after Judge Krebs renders his decision, which he is withholding for some unaccountable reason. Mr. Langdon says he has built his road without issuing a bond or giving a note or asking the public for a dollar of subscription. In answer to an inquiry about his fight for the possession of the Wopsononock railroad, he said he had the bonds of that road in his pocket. He is a big, youngish-looking man with a smooth face and small, bright eyes. He is very unassuming in his manner, but is an energetic talker, and has a very decided firm look. He looks like a man of good nerve and evidently has it. Any man that will stand up and fight the Pennsylvania railroad as long and as hard as Sam Langdon has done and come out on top must have a whole car-load of sand about his clothes somewhere.—*Philipsburg Ledger.*

Marriage Licenses.

The following marriage licenses were issued by the Clerk of the Orphans' Court for the week ending Wednesday, October 4th, 1893:

Harry W. Goss and Tillie Yahner, Hastings.

Charles M. Bennet and Sadie King, West Taylor township.

William T. Reilly, Gallitzin, township, and Magdaline O'Dowd, Tunnelhill.

George A. Updegraff and Mary Ellen Williams, Johnstown.

Dayton Calverley and Lillie Watson, Morrellville.

John W. Mills, Conemaugh, and Lizzie Fyock, Walnut Grove.

L. B. Rively, Richland township, and Emma S. Wissinger, Conemaugh township.

Benno P. Williams, Johnstown, and Barbara A. Spitzlbert, Taylor township.

Henry H. Thomas, Gallitzin, and Ida F. Brady, Utahville, Clearfield county.

W. N. Pringle, Johnstown, and Ida Ankeny, Stoystown, Somerset county.

William A. Barrow and Lizzie Hill, Morrellville.

George W. Irwin and Kate B. Miller, Morrellville.

H. J. McFeely, Chest Springs, and Emma Wild, McKeesport, Pa.

C. C. Ramsey and Mamie Morgan, Johnstown.

Charles Shad and Julia Tadajewski, Johnstown.

A Singular Case.

Miss Mattie Halley, aged 14 years, who has been visiting at the home of Mr. Well Knepper, in Brothersvalley township, met with a serious accident last Sunday a week ago and her relatives entertain fears that it may yet terminate fatally. Miss Halley and a little daughter of Mr. Knepper's were returning home from Berlin in a buggy, when the former, in attempting to release the lines which had become entangled in the harness, fell forward in the road, lighting on her head. The horse continued on toward home until it was stopped by persons living along the road, who were attracted by the cries of the child still in the buggy. Returning to the scene of the accident they found Miss Halley lying by the side of the road in a delirious condition. She was removed to the house of Mr. Knepper where medical attention was summoned. A report reached here Monday that Miss Halley had apparently expired.

After all efforts to revive her had been made by physicians and had failed, preparations were made for burial. She was laid out and the undertaker was expected to place the body in a casket for shipment to Cumberland. Before he arrived the watchers noticed a twitching of the eyelids and presently she aroused, although still unconscious.

The physicians were again summoned and treatment for her recovery began. They express their opinion that she will only live a short time.—*Somerset Herald.*

—The boys will soon take their annual tumble from the chestnut trees.

Dwelling Burned.

On Sunday evening the large frame dwelling house of Evan Morgan, in Barr township, about 8 miles north of Ebensburg, was discovered to be on fire by some of the neighbors who had hurried to the scene, but too late to prevent the burning of the building or to rescue much of the personal effects contained therein.

The fire occurred between five and six o'clock in the evening, and as Mr. Morgan and his family were away from home at the time visiting some neighbors, the origin of the fire is a mystery, but it is thought to be the work of an incendiary, who, perhaps, had visited the house for the purpose of robbery.

Considerable goods and furniture were carried out of the cellar and lower story, but everything on the second floor was burned. Mr. Morgan's loss is estimated at about $1,500 on which there was no insurance. It is Mr. Morgan's intention to begin rebuilding at once and for that purpose has already some lumber on the ground.

Miscellaneous Notices.

NOTICE.
Stockholders' annual meeting of the Lilly Building and Loan Association will be held in Rainy's Hall on the Third Thursday in October, 1893, at 7 P. M., for the general transaction of business and election of officers to serve for the ensuing year, and issuing of the fifth series of stock.
J. B. MULLEN,
Oct. 6, 1893.2t. Secretary.

THE SUBSCRIBER offers for sale a number of lots for building purposes in Washington township, Cambria county, adjacent to the coal mines of Powell & McCoy, now in operation. These lots are situated midway between Summit and the high bridge, on the township road. Call on or address PAUL M'KENNA,
Sept. 1, 1893. Summit, Cambria Co., Pa.

LOST.—Small purse, dark green lizard skin, with plain silver clasp, containing several dollars. Lost on Munster turnpike between O'Hora's and Cresson. Suitable reward for return of same to Mrs. Maurice Cusick, P. O Box 45, Cresson, Pa.

FOR SALE.
A two-seated carriage, 1 buggy, a road cart, 1 double set harness for carriage, and two single sets of buggy harness. Inquire of
JOSEPH KIMBALL,
Residing two miles south of Ebensburg.

WANTED.—Catholic young man to collect, deliver and solicit. Address with reference.
T. F. McGOVERN,
79 Webster Ave., Pittsburg, Pa.
Sept. 15.2t.

THE Ebensburg Building & Loan Association will offer for sale at the council chamber, Ebensburg, on the fourth Monday in October, $1,000.00.
THOS. DAVIS,
LESTER LAMMER, Secretary. President.

AGENTS (male or female) make $10 a day. New invention. Every household must have it. Small outlay, big profits. Perfection Mfg Co., 155 St. Clair St., Cleveland, O.

PUBLIC SALE
OF VALUABLE
REAL ESTATE!

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Cambria county, to me directed, I will expose to sale by public vendue or outcry on

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 28, 1893,

at 1 o'clock P. M. at the late residence of H. H. Gardner, deceased, all the following described real estate, viz:

All that certain tract of land situate in Reade township, in said county of Cambria, adjoining lands of Henry Horner, Robert Hollen and Benjamin Myers, containing

52 ACRES,

more or less. About forty —— acres of said land are improved, and there is thereon erected a two-story FRAME DWELLING HOUSE, a large BANK BARN, and other outbuildings.

TERMS OF SALE:

Ten per cent. of bid on day of sale when the property is struck down; one-third in thirty days, and the balance on or before the first day of April, 1894. Deferred payments to be secured by the bond and mortgage of the purchaser.

Possession to be given the first day of April, 1894.
GEORGE V. GARDNER,
Administrator of H. H. Gardner, deceased.
Sept. 29, 1893.4t.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT AN APplication will be made to the governor of the state of Pennsylvania on TUESDAY, OCTOBER 31, 1893, by Jacob H. Taylor, executors of David McCoy, executors of William E. Hooper, Theodore Hooper, James E. Hooper, Charles J. Taylor, Harry S. Taylor, John F. McCoy, Charles A. McCoy and Edwin R. Baldridge under the Act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations, approved April 29th, 1874, and the supplements thereto, for the charter of an intended corporation to be called "THE TAYLOR-McCOY COAL AND COKE COMPANY," the character and object of which is the mining, selling and shipping of coal, and the manufacturing and selling and shipping of coke, and all other necessary incidents pertaining to the mining, manufacturing, selling and shipping of coal and coke, and for these purposes to have and possess and enjoy all the rights benefits and privileges of said Act of Assembly and its supplements.
H. M. BALDRIDGE,
Oct. 6, 1893.3t. Solicitor.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Governor of Pennsylvania on the **first day of November, A. D. 1893,** by Caron Leahey, John Lahey, Jr., A. R. Armitage, John B. Mullen and Henry Ehrenfeld under the Act of Assembly approved April 29, 1874, entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," and the supplements thereto, for the charter of an intended corporation to be called "The Lilly, Water, Light and Power Company," the character and objects of which are for the supplying of water and for the manufacture and supply of light and power by means of electricity to the public at the borough of Lilly and to such persons, partnerships and associations therein and adjacent thereto, and for these purposes to have possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of said Act of Assembly and supplements thereto.
R. L. GEORGE,
Lilly, Pa., Oct. 6, 1893 3t. Solicitor

COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE.
Having been appointed a commissioner by the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county to take and report testimony in the matter of the petition of John Neff for a decree of satisfaction of mortgage given by Daniel Neff to Margaret Jane Pringle, administratrix of the estate of Abraham Knepper, deceased, notice is hereby given that I will sit at my office in the borough of Ebensburg, Pa., on **Saturday, the 28th day of October, 1893, at 10 o'clock, A. M.,** to attend to the duties of said appointment, at which time and place all persons interested may attend if they see proper.
P. J. LITTLE
Ebensburg, Pa., Oct. 6, 1893.3t. Commissioner.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.
Having been appointed an auditor by the Orphans' Court of Cambria county, Penn'a., to report a distribution of the fund in the hands of John McTamany, administrator of John Behe, late of Washington township, deceased, notice is hereby given that I will sit at my office in the borough of Ebensburg on **Friday, the 27th day of September, 1893, at 10 o'clock, A. M.,** to attend to the duties of said appointment, at which time and place all persons interested in said estate must attend or be forever debarred from coming in on said fund.
P. J. LITTLE
Ebensburg, Pa., Oct. 6, 1893.3t. Auditor.

HOTEL LE GRANDE.
H. J. SHETTIG, PROPRIETOR.
Located at DuBois, Pa., near the B. R. & P. Railway Depot. We always endeavor to furnish the best accommodations to business men, pleasure seekers and boarders. Persons in search of comfort and quiet will find it a desirable place to stop. The Table is unsurpassed and is always supplied with the best the market affords, and all the delicacies of the season. The Bar is supplied with the choicest of pure liquors and cigars and nothing but the best is sold. Special attention given to the care of horses.
H. J. SCHETTIG.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.
Estate of Thomas Kinney, deceased.
Letters testamentary in the estate of Thomas Kinney, late of Wilmore borough, Cambria county, deceased, having been granted to me all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment to me without delay and those having claims against said estate will present them properly authenticated for settlement.
P. M. KINNEY,
Executor,
Sep. 1, 1893. Wilmore, Pa

To Investors.

WHY go away from home to seek investments when you can buy Pennsylvania First Mortgage securities on the Cash or Monthly Payment plan and which will net you twenty per cent. on your money? For particulars call on or address H. A. ENGLEHART,
Aug. 5, 1892. Ebensburg, Pa.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:
All persons having claims against the estate of Jeremiah Noonan, late of Munster township, Cambria county deceased, or against the estate of Eliza Noonan, late of said township, deceased, are requested to present their claims properly probated to me by May 25th, 1893.
M. D. KITTELL.
Ebensburg, Pa., March 31, 1893.

WANTED.—Reliable men to sell our choice and hardy Nursery Stock, and Seed Potatoes, full and complete line. Many varieties can only be obtained through us. Commission or salary paid weekly and promptly. Exclusive and choice of territory given. Don't delay. Write at once for terms.
ALLEN NURSERY CO.,
July 28, 29t.

ATTENTION!

WE ARE

THE PEOPLE!

We are convinced that our prices and goods are right. Since we became Simon & Co.'s successors our daily sales up to date have increased just 40 per cent., and we still continue to sell at the same small profit figures. In Clothing you can be suited in a Suit for yourself, your boy or boys in higher quality than price. In Spring and Summer Styles we are stocked up to overflowing. We feel confident that if you come to us you will go away better pleased than ever before, as this is our motto:

Please and Satisfy Everybody.

Why do you get your Shirts made when you can get them to fit you at such a remarkably low price and goods to suit the most particular.

We have Shirts from 25 cents up to $2.98.
Men's Fedora Hats in every shade, color and style that you want for $1.48.
Also a very fine line of the latest and most fashionable Stiff Hats from 50 cents up.

FURNITURE.

Below we will quote a few prices. Then you can judge for yourself.

1 set good yellow Chairs	$ 3.00
1 set good dark Chairs	2.50
1 set good dark Chairs	3.00
1 set cane seat Chairs in dark	4.38
1 set cane seat Chairs in dark	5.50
1 set cane seat Chairs in dark	6.00
1 set cane seat Chairs, Mahogany	6.24
1 Oak Rocker with arm	1.75
1 Dark Rocker with arm	1.60
1 Oak cane seat, fancy arm	2.85
1 dark cane seat, fancy	2.75
1 light, very fancy arm	2.98
Child's Rockers, 50c., 65c., 75c. and	1.00
Perforated Chairs and Rockers in all styles and prices.	
1 full 8-piece Mahogany or Walnut Bed-room Suite	24.00
1 full 8-piece Oak Bed-room Suit	27.00
Sideboards, Cupboards and Sinks a specialty.	

Oil Cloth & Carpets.

We are stocked in Oil Cloth and Carpets. It will save you money to buy of us as in buying our stock early and in large quantities we saved money.

Floor Oil Cloth from 25 cents to 48 cents per square yard.
Ingrain Carpet, one yard wide, at 30, 40, 48 and 60 cents.
Stair Carpet from 23 cents up to 50 cents per yard.

SHOES! SHOES!

If you wish to get a good and substantial Shoe call on us. You will surely find something that will suit you.

Ladies' dongola plain tip and spring heel, button	$1.25 to $2.00
Ladies' dongola, opera and common sense, button, heel	$1.25 to 1.50
Ladies' extra fine tipped Bluecher	2.50
Ladies' fine, tipped, button	2.00
Ladies' fine pebbled buttoned; also, Misses' and Children's patent leather tipped	$1.10, $1.25, 1.30
Ladies' fine serge, button or lace	1.28
Ladies' tipped and common sense Oxfords	$1.00 and 1.25
Children's tipped Oxfords	.50
Children's russet and dongola spring heel	$1.00 and 1.10
Infants' shoes from 22 cents up.	
Men's lace and congress shoes	1.25
Men's satin calf, lace or congress	2.00
Men's B calf, lace or congress	1.75
Men's tipped Bluecher, extra fine	2.50
Men's fine hand-sewed, lace or congress	3.00
Men's Grecian calf, lace or congress	2.00
Men's fine Kangaroo tipped, lace or congress	3.00
Men's extra fine gossamere calf, lace or congress	1.75
Men's grain plow shoes, buckled, Ballist tongue	1.35
Mens working shoes you can get from us from	.99 cents to 1.25

DRY GOODS.

Ladies, here is the place to get your dry goods.
Curtains from 75 cents $5.00 per pair.
Ladies' percale waists, light or dark, 50 cents.
Ladies' batiste waists, figured and striped, with ruffled front at 74c.
White waists, all kinds of material, the latest and most fashionable styles, from 69 cents to $2.48.
Dress ginghams for 8 cents per yard and up.
Apron ginghams from 4½ to 10 cents.
Muslin in bleached or unbleached from 4½ to 10 cents.
In Calico we are stocked full of the finest, newest and most desirable in the market, at from 3 to 14 cents.
Ladies' skirt embroidery, 40 inches wide, for 48 cents and up.
Flouncing embroidery from 35 cents to to 81 per yard.
A complete line of trimmings of all sorts and dresses in all styles on our shelves and counters.
Call and see them. You can't help but buy, as the bargains we are offering in the ladies line are something that you can't grasp every day.

We challenge any one to equal the intrinsic value as well as the variety and extent of our bargain offering this season. Don't wait but come at once to

Yours Respectfully,

ORTH & CO.,
THE LEADERS,
GALLITZIN, PENNA.

N. B.—It may be of interest to you to say we are still deep in the grocery business. It will surprise you to see the way we are selling goods in this department of our mammoth store. Some merchants say "I wonder where they can get goods to sell at those figures, as we can't buy them wholesale at the prices they are retailing for." Here is the secret: We know where the goods grow—that is why we sell so low. And when you come to town,

Look for the Red Flag--That is the Place.

R. L. JOHNSTON. M. J. BUCK. A. W. BUCK.
ESTABLISHED 1872.
Johnston, Buck & Co.,
BANKERS,
EBENSBURG, - - - PENN'A.
A. W. BUCK, Cashier.

ESTABLISHED 1888.
Carrolltown Bank,
CARROLLTOWN, PA.
T. A. SHARBAUGH, Cashier.
General Banking Business Transacted.

The following are the principal features of general banking business:

DEPOSITS
Received payable on demand, and interest bearing certificates issued to time depositors.

LOANS
Extended to customers on favorable terms and approved paper discounted at all times.

COLLECTIONS
Made in the locality and upon all the banking towns in the United States. Charges moderate.

DRAFTS
Issued negotiable in all parts of the United States, and foreign exchange issued on all parts of Europe.

ACCOUNTS
Of merchants, farmers and others solicited, to whom reasonable accomodation will be extended.
Patrons are assured that all transactions shall be held as strictly private and confidential, and that they will be treated as liberally as good banking rules will permit.
Respectfully,
JOHNSTON, BUCK & CO.

JUST RECEIVED!
—A LARGE LOT—
Boots & Shoes
—BOUGHT AT—
Sheriff's Sale!
—FROM THE STOCK OF—
W. E. SCHMERTZ & CO.,
PITTSBURG, PA.
The public invited to call. Prices away down.
JNO. LLOYD &

A SCOURGE OF WOLVES.

Montana and Texas Cattle Killed by the Ravenous Beasts.

Stock Raisers in These States Are at a Loss for Some Means to Save Their Young Cows and Horses from Destruction.

Wolves are the great bane of the stock-raising industry in the west and southwest, and how to get rid of them or even to prevent their increase is just now of most serious concern to ranchmen. The trouble is not confined to any one section, for stories of havoc among stock and of helplessness to cope with the pest come alike from points in western Texas and in eastern Montana.

At the recent annual meeting of the Montana stock growers the surprising fact was stated and corroborated by ranchmen from all parts of the state that during the past two years twenty-five per cent. of the young calves and ten per cent. of the colts on the ranges have been destroyed by wolves. The sheep men of Texas agree that they suffer from the depredations of wolves more than from any other cause, and estimate their average loss at twenty per cent. of their flocks. J. M. Campbell, who has one of the largest ranches in western Texas near Del Rio, where he has a flock of two-five thousand head of sheep, says he has had over three thousand head killed by coyotes or wolves during the past year.

The number of wolves does not diminish. "The fact is," says a Montana newspaper, "that wolves have increased in vast numbers within the past three years, and that all methods for their destruction have hitherto failed." And Mr. Campbell says of Texas: "The wolves are becoming so numerous and bold that it is no trouble to trap and shoot them; but their numbers do not seem to decrease." His fellow sheepmen say that the losses to their flocks from the depredations of the wolves in the past few years have equaled, and in many cases exceeded, the profits from the business. Men who have raised sheep in Australia and other countries say there is no better country in the world for sheep raising than Texas, but for the wolves.

How wolves may kill sheep is not difficult to conceive. Killing young steers and colts is a bolder job. The wolf, preying alone or as one of a band, picks out a fine young animal, leaps on its hind quarters and cuts the tendons of the leg. The animal is crippled and the feast is easy for the wolf or the pack. Usually but little of the animal thus killed is devoured, for the wolf prefers fresh meat, and calves and colts and sheep are plentiful and easy prey.

How to get rid of the wolves is a problem much essayed but still wholly unsolved. The Montana stock growers debated it for six hours and left the case open. The unanimous opinion was that only two suggestions were considered at all workable, one for their extermination by stag hounds and the old one of a bounty to hunters. The sly beast will not touch a poisoned carcass unless driven by extreme hunger, a condition unlikely with young stock so plentiful and easy to slaughter. The stockmen say that strychnine, even when eaten, for some strange reason or other, now rarely takes effect on a wolf. Offering an increased bounty is an expensive and risky business. It might mean as much expense as the loss of the stock the wolves kill, for if the bounty were large wolf scalps would be imported from Canada and neighboring states for bounty purposes.

Mr. Campbell, the Texas sheep raiser quoted, has a new scheme for exterminating the pest, and which he is very hopeful. He trapped seven wolves recently and penned them with a dog badly afflicted with the mange. In several weeks the wolves had all caught the disease, and having made it sure that they had it, Mr. Campbell turned them loose in Val Verde county, Tex. He believes that the disease will spread so rapidly that within two years that there will not be a healthy wolf in Texas. Pups afflicted with mange do not breed and die in a short time, and he believes the same effect will hold good in the case of the wolves. Mr. Campbell proposes that the legislature should establish stations in every county in western Texas for the propagation of mange among wolves. The sheepmen in dissection have great faith in his experiment, and will stockmen in other parts of the union are looking with much interest for results.

RAILROADS IN THE TROPICS.

It Is Hard to Keep the Growing Foliage from Becoming an Obstruction.

Apropos of the projected Pan-American railway, it is to be noted that not only is the first cost of railway construction in tropical countries very heavy, but the annual maintenance of way is expensive to a degree which cannot be appreciated by those who have no experience in this connection.

The Antioquia railroad in Colombia, says Charles P. Yeatman in the Engineering Magazine, cost in a single year, for repairs of track and bridges, $2,266 per mile. The Cauca railroad, in the same year, cost $3,837 per mile. These two roads are in Colombia and are sometimes mentioned either as future feeders of the Pan-American railroad, or parts of its main line. On the Antioquia road, if the undergrowth were cut at the beginning of the rainy season, less than two months' rain was sufficient to form an arch of green trees thirty feet high teaming over the track so as to shade it completely.

The constant change from dryness in the day to soaking moisture at night, even in the dry season, would soon ruin the best of timber, but nature furnishes a still quicker means of getting rid of it, in the shape of an ant or wood-louse, which is careful not to mar the outside of his domicile, but will patiently honeycomb the inside, until what looks like a solid 12x12 stick is but a shell from ⅛ to ¼ inch thick, filled with dust and ants. The native timber suffered so much from the inroads of these pests that, upon hearing that yellow pine was used in Panama to avoid them, a trial of it was made on the Antioquia road. Georgia pine had to be shipped by way of New York, at a cost of nearly $100 per 1,000 feet, board measure, when put in place. When I left there the first of my yellow pine trestle was being replaced. It had been built less than four years.

Paraguay Points.

At the beginning of the last war (in 1886) the population of Paraguay was reckoned at 770,000; to-day it has less than 250,000—and fully six-sevenths of that number are women. These figures do not refer to the nomadic savages that swarm that part of the country called the "Chaco," whose borders are separated from Asuncion only by the narrow river—but to their near kinsmen of more or less adulterated blood, who live in bamboo huts, cultivate the soil to a limited extent, and consider themselves civilized. The uncontrolled Indians of the Chaco are reported by the government statisticians to number upwards of 100,000; but in reality nobody knows much about them. Even at the capital the aboriginal Guarani language is more universally spoken than Spanish, and the weekly journal, El Latigo Immontal, is half of it printed in that language.

COL. C. W. DEAN.

SUNSTRUCK IN BATTLE!

DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., ELKHART, IND.—I must say the **Restorative Nervine** and **Nerve** and **Liver Pills** have done me great good.

FOR YEARS I HAVE NOT FELT AS WELL AS NOW.

The starting point of my disease was a sunstroke received in battle before Port Hudson, Louisiana, June 14th, 1863. Up to the time of beginning to take **Dr. Miles' Remedies** I had had a continual distracting pain in my head; also, weak spells, and the past four years I have had to give up everything of an active character, and stay in the house for CURED most of the time; could not walk across the street. I KNOW YOUR REMEDIES HAVE CURED ME, and that the cure will be permanent. Several of my friends THOUSANDS here are using your remedies, and all speak well of them. Yours truly,

COL. C. W. DEAN.
National Military Home, Dayton, O.

DR. MILES' NERVINE is the most certain cure for **Headache, Neuralgia, Nervous Prostration, Dizziness, Spasms, Sleeplessness, Dullness, Blues,** and **Opium Habit.** Contains no opiates or dangerous drugs.

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Constipation

Demands prompt treatment. The results of neglect may be serious. Avoid all harsh and drastic purgatives, the tendency of which is to weaken the bowels. **The best remedy is Ayer's Pills.** Being purely vegetable, their action is prompt and their effect always beneficial. They are an admirable Liver and After-dinner pill, and everywhere endorsed by the profession.

"Ayer's Pills are highly and universally spoken of by the people about here. I make daily use of them in my practice."—Dr. I. E. Fowler, Bridgeport, Conn.

"I can recommend Ayer's Pills above all others, having long proved their value as a cathartic for myself and family."—J. T. Hess, Leitlisville, Pa.

"For several years Ayer's Pills have been used in my family. We find them an

Effective Remedy

for constipation and indigestion, and are never without them in the house."—Moses Grenier, Lowell, Mass.

"I have used Ayer's Pills, for liver troubles and indigestion, during many years, and have always found them prompt and efficient in their action."—L. N. Smith, Utica, N. Y.

"I suffered from constipation which assumed such an obstinate form that I feared it would cause a stoppage of the bowels. Two boxes of Ayer's Pills effected a complete cure."—D. Burke, Saco, Me.

"I have used Ayer's Pills for the past thirty years and consider them an invaluable family medicine. I know of no better remedy for liver troubles, and have always found them a prompt cure for dyspepsia."—James Quinn, 99 Middlesex, Hartford, Conn.

"Having been troubled with costiveness, which seems inevitable with persons of sedentary habits, I have tried Ayer's Pills, hoping for relief. I am glad to say that they have served me better than any other medicine. I arrive at this conclusion only after a fair trial of their merits."—Samuel T. Jones, Oak st., Boston, Mass.

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Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass
Sold by all Dealers in Medicine.

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H. E. Hooker Co., Nurserymen, Rochester, N. Y.
Established 1865. Incorporated 1883.

DO you need Job Printing? If so, give the FREEMAN a trial order.

A WONDERFUL BIRD-WEAVER.

How the Baltimore Oriole Builds His Cozy Swinging Nest.

The Baltimore oriole is a prince in a house of princes, says a writer in Scribner's Magazine. The family to which he belongs is composed of birds remarkable either for plumage, note, nest, eggs or habit. Each one can do something curious and original; but the Baltimore shines in every one of these particulars, for in plumage, song and nest alike he is an especially remarkable bird. When the earl of Baltimore became the lord of Maryland his followers quickly noticed the correspondence between his heraldic livery of orange and black and the orange and black of the splendid bird that so abounded in the new estates, so that, very naturally, the name "Baltimore bird" was suggested and has been borne ever since.

His nest is one of the most wonderful examples of bird-weaving in oriolkind. It is made of separate threads, strings, horsehair or strips of bark closely interwoven into a sort of sack and so firmly knit together that it will bear a weight of twenty or thirty pounds. In the southern parts of this bird's range the nest is suspended from two or three terminal twigs, for protection from numerous enemies, such as snakes, opossums and the like; it is also made six or seven inches in depth to prevent the eggs being thrown out by the high winds. But in the colder north, where tree-climbing foes are rare, it is lower, not at the extremity of the branches, but in a cleft or twixes that affords shelter. It is much shallower than when exposed to the wind, but is very thickly woven and lined with soft, warm materials. The oriole's long, lifelike notes ringing from the high tree-tops in the morning are an ample refutation of the old theory that melody and bright plumage have never been bestowed on the same bird.

THE HORNED TOAD

It Bears a Remarkable Resemblance to the Ancient Triceratops.

There has been considerable discussion in the scientific papers of late about the curious habit of the "horned toads," found in Arizona and Mexico, of spurting blood from their eyes when disturbed. Many witnesses agree in the assertion that the little animal really possess this power. According to one observer, the blood, or the liquid resembling blood, comes from little orifices just above and behind the eyes, and it appears to have a dispiriting effect upon an animal covered with it.

The horned toad, says the Youth's Companion, is a strange-looking creature, and in certain ways its appearance recalls one of the most remarkable monsters that in past geological ages lived in the western part of America—the triceratops of Prof. Marsh.

This gigantic animal, whose name means "three-horned face," had its skull inclosed in a bony helmet on the upper part of which, over the nose, were three stout horns. The head of one of the monsters was no less than eight feet long.

When a horned toad is held upon the head of the triceratops the resemblance is quite striking, and the little insect-eating inhabitant of some of the sandy places of the west wore a miniature reproduction, with variations, of the wonderful beast that roamed there in ancient times.

LIGHT SLUMBER.

A Street Agent's New Method of Drawing a Crowd.

An exchange says that a well-dressed man, leading aguilt a large pool an apparently sleeping fox-hog of the finest breed, created a great deal of interest in a busy London street the other day. He sat on a box which he had been carrying.

Evidently being suddenly overcome with drowsiness, he had placed the box on the curbstone, and, sitting down upon it, had fallen asleep. To those who succeeded in getting close enough to the man his gentle, regular snore dispelled the fear that he might be dead. The side of his face was exposed and betrayed no drop of intoxication. It was the judgment of every one that he was sober in most health and simply taking a quiet siesta.

When the crowd became so deep as to threaten a blockade, the supposed sleeper suddenly jumped to his feet, mounted his box and, producing a couple of bottles over his head, exclaimed:

"Now, gents, seein' that you are all here, I rise to a question of privilege and after thankin' you for this most cordial reception, which I assure you will long remain upon the tablet of my memory, I wish to call your attention to my world-renowned corn and bunion eradicator."

THE ONLY FEMININE MASON.

She Was the Grand Junior Warden and Pillar of Beauty.

"Was there ever a woman mason?"

"Yes, one, and only one. It was found that she couldn't keep a secret. And so it has been ever since that a woman has nothing to tie to to make her eligible to masonry."

This was the reply of Robert Walton, of Rugby, Tenn., who is a member of Albamben Temple in Chattanooga, says the Cincinnati Star.

"This woman, then, was a member of the first lodge?"

"She was. She was the grand junior warden and pillar of beauty. With the worshipful master she resided in a beatiful garden, that has come down in history as the most beautiful spot in which human beings ever lived and loved. With the worshipful master she was warmly interested in building up an ideal lodge of Free Masonry. But in an evil hour one appeared at the outer wicket. He was a fallen mason. One who had fallen into the uttermost depth, and was forever disgraced. But he was most cunning of speech, and he prevailed upon the beautiful grand junior warden and pillar of beauty to let him in. She did so. The world knows the rest of the story. The first woman had broken her vow, and let in one who of all creatures was the last to expect recognition and favors because of his fallen estate. And so the first lodge was corrupted because of a woman, and woman has never since been received as a member in masonry. The first lodge was thus broken up, and the worshipful master and the fair grand junior warden and pillar of beauty were expelled from their beautiful paradise. But though woman has never been admitted since, she has redeemed herself as a helpmeet to masons of all times and degrees, and has come to be recognized as his peer in all the virtues and activities of life, and men worship at her shrine of purity and beauty. God bless woman, and, though we cannot have her in our lodges, what would we do without her?"

Sows and Pigs of Iron.

The word "pig" as applied to iron is a mere play on the word "sow." When iron is melted it runs off into a channel called a "sow," the lateral branches of which are called the "pigs." Here the iron cools and is called "pig iron." Now, "sow" has nothing whatever to do with swine, but is from the Saxon "sawan," to scatter, German, "sauwen," to rush, and ought to be written "saws" (sows). Having a sow for the parent channel it required no great effort of wit to make the lateral grooves the little pigs.

"WHERE DIRT GATHERS, WASTE RULES."
GREAT SAVING RESULTS FROM THE USE OF

SAPOLIO

DR. MORITZ SALM,

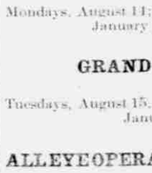
This eminent Physician has devoted lifetime to his Specialty —Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat, Lung and Chronic Diseases.

The Doctor has been for years a Professor and lecturer in several of our largest Medical Colleges, and has earned great fame as an authority and author on all subjects concerning his specialty.

CAMBRIA HOUSE, EBENSBURG, PA.,
Mondays, August 14; September 11, October 9, November 6, December 4, 1893, January 1, 29; February 26, March 26, April 23, May 21, June 18, 1894, till 6 P. M.

GRAND CENTRAL HOTEL, JOHNSTOWN, PA.,
Opposite the Pennsylvania Depot.
Tuesdays, August 15, September 12, October 10, November 7, December 5, 1893, January 1, 30; February 27, March 27, April 24, May 22, June 19, 1894

ALL EYE OPERATIONS SUCCESSFULLY PERFORMED BY HIM



JACOB VOGEL, Gallitzin, Pa.

WAS REDUCED TO A WRECK AFTER TEN YEARS FEARFUL RAVAGES OF CATARRH AND CHRONIC BRONCHITIS. DR. SALM CURED ME.

For ten years I have suffered terribly with Catarrh and Bronchitis. The disease gradually extended to almost every other organ in my body I became a physical and mental wreck. Have tried our best doctors in the country, but I grew worse and worse until, as a last resort I gave my case to Dr. Salm and I am glad to say that under his treatment I began to improve from the very first month. That distressing cough and that dreadful pain in my chest has left me. I feel as well as ever. The most wonderful of all is that I have not taken a single cold since the first month.

JACOB VOGEL.
Gallitzin, Cambria Co., Pa. 54 years old.

WE INTUSTED OUR BOY CHEERFULLY TO HIS CARE.

Our little boy has been cross eyed for some years and was gradually getting worse. We knew of some splendid work of Dr. Salm's in Ohio, so we entrusted him cheerfully to his care. The operation was done within 1 minute's time and without pain, and now the eyes are straight, as you can see by pictures above.

MRS. C. A. YINKEY.
188 Morris street, Johnstown.

CLOSURE OF THE TEARDUCT CURED BY DR. SALM.

I have had a good deal of trouble with my eyes for the last five years—tears running over my cheeks continually. Dr. Salm called in consultation with other physicians and operated on the case, and now I can keep my handkerchief in my pocket instead of wiping my eyes constantly.

S. E. MARTHA CARNEY.
Indiana, Pa.

Diseases of Women, such as have baffled the skill of all other physicians and remedies, quickly cured. Cancers, tumors, fibroid, and all morbid growths cured with out the use of the knife or caustics. No cutting. No pain. No danger.

Manhood restored. Quick, painless and certain cure for impotence, lost manhood, spermatorrhœa, lower, weak and nervous debility; also for prostatitis, verlocele, and all private diseases—whether from imprudent habits of youth or sexual functions, speedily and permanently cured Consultation free and strictly confidential. Absolute cure guaranteed. No risk incurred. Free examination of the urine—each person applying for medical treatment should bring 2 to 4 ounces of urine, which will receive careful chemical and microscopic examination. Small tumors, cancers, warts, moles etc., removed without scalds, knife, pain or scar. New method. Electrolysis Epilepsy has scientifically treated and cured by a never-failing herb d. Address all communications to Box 760, Columbus, Ohio. **Examination and consultation free to everybody.**

Our Advertisement Will Appear Twice Before Each Visit.
Address all Communications to Box 760.

CURE
SICK
HEADACHE

Such Headache and relieves all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK HEADACHE

Acthey would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

Is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills makes a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.
SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE

EAGLE BRAND
The Best
ROOFING

Is unequaled for house barn, factory or outbuildings and costs half the price of shingles, tin or iron. It is ready for use and easily applied by anyone.

Rubber Paint

Costs only 50 cents per gallon in barrel lots, or $4.50 for 5 gallon cans. Color, dark red. Will stop leaks in tin or iron roofs that will last for years. TRY IT. Send stamp for samples and full particulars.

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We send the marvelous French Remedy CALTHOS free, and a legal guarantee that CALTHOS will STOP Discharges & Emissions, CURE Spermatorrhœa, Varicocele and RESTORE Lost Vigor.
Use it and pay if satisfied.
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AGENTS WANTED to sell reliable first-class Incandescent Electric Light. Quick sales. Large profits. Exclusive territory. Only opportunity. Geo. A. Scott, 842 Broadway, N. Y.

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nothing new when we state that it pays to engage in a permanent, most healthy and pleasant business, that returns a profit for every day's work. Such is the business we offer the workingclass. We teach them how to make money rapidly, and guarantee every one who follows our instructions faithfully the making of **$300.00 a month.**

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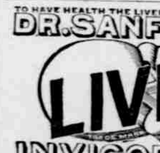
It is absolutely pure. Highly concentrated. In quantity it costs less than a tenth of a cent a day. Strictly a medicine. Prevents and cures all disease. Good for young chicks. Worth more than gold when hens moult. One large can saved me $80. If you can't get it send us 50 cents for two packs; by express, paid. If you want 28 pounds, 6 cans $5, express paid. "THE BEST POULTRY PAPER," sample copy free. Poultry Raising Guide free with $1 or 6 cans or more. I. S. JOHNSON & Co., Boston, Mass.

TO HAVE HEALTH THE LIVER MUST BE IN ORDER.
DR. SANFORD'S



Cures thousands annually of Liver Complaints, Biliousness, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Malaria. More Ills result from an Unhealthy Liver than any other cause. Why suffer when you can be cured? Dr. Sanford's Liver Invigorator is a celebrated family medicine.
YOUR DRUGGIST WILL SUPPLY YOU.

CANCER and Tumors CURED. No knife. Book free. DR. GRATIGNY & HUBB, No. 152 Elm St., Cincinnati, O.

THE MOVING WORLD.

A TELEGRAPH messenger boy in Boston rides around town on a bicycle, delivering his telegrams.

A MAN in California has invented a device that will prevent gas from escaping when it is blown out.

A PROCESS of eliminating smoke from the combustion of coal has been discovered by an ingenious German.

A MAN in Florida named Bell is planning to build a big hotel among the branches of a grove of live oaks in that state, which are of great size and height.

THE largest cantalever bridge in the country is to be built over the Mississippi river at New Orleans. It will cost five million dollars and is to be built by Chicago men.

TOBOGGAN expresses have been a feature in the Boulder district of Montana the past season, and have been very useful in conveying freight to points off the main road.

FRENCH ingenuity has contrived an improved stone-cutting saw of remarkable efficiency—a circular saw having its edge set with black diamonds in the same way as the straight blades; but as the strain on the diamond is all in one direction the setting can be made much firmer.

LITERARY PEOPLE.

HARRIETT BEECHER STOWE, although eighty-one years old, goes calling every day when the weather is fair.

JULES VERNE is an officer of the Legion of Honor. The decree conferring the decoration on him was signed just two hours before the fall of the empire.

THOMAS NELSON PAGE and bride will make their winter home in Washington, but will choose a place equally convenient to Washington and Richmond for their permanent abiding place.

THE elder Mr. Kipling designed the queer ornament which is to be seen on the cover of his son's new book, "Many Inventions." The curious little forms which are combined to make the fantastic figure are prayers.

M. ZOLA has taken to bicycling, and finds that it benefits him by drawing the blood from his brain. One of its chief advantages to him consists in the fact that his wheel requires such close attention that he cannot give consecutive thought to study or composition.

SCHOOL AND CHURCH.

THE trustees of Smith college have agreed to raise $500,000 for a permanent fund.

DR. EDWARD BRAISLIN, during his seven years' pastorate of the Washington Avenue Baptist church in Brooklyn, had the pleasure of welcoming 427 members, of whom he baptized 263.

IN education Spain is far behind any other European country, Russia excepted. Less than one-third of the adult population are able to read and write; but a considerable number of new schools have been established within recent years.

THE religious statistics of the census of 1890 reveal the fact that out of our total population of 62,000,000 there are 20,045,000 members of Christian churches. This is or is not a hopeful outlook, according to the point of view. If we look at the 40,000,000 of non-Christian people of the United States we may well feel appalled at the frightful momentum of paganism.—Hartford Religious Herald.

MILITARY MEN AND MATTERS.

THE mercantile and armed natives of the world have 1,695,000 seamen.

OF the seven full generals who were in the confederate army none are now living.

THE Pennsylvania national guard will not visit the world's fair, but will hold the usual state encampment.

THE officers of the Swedish navy are considered as military officers, and in full dress are obliged to wear spurs.

DR. DELAVAN BLODGOOD, U. S. N., who became widely known on account of his striking resemblance to the late James G. Blaine, is to be retired in August.

THE big cruiser Philadelphia is off for a three years' cruise. When she reaches the western coast of South America she will receive orders sending her to Honolulu or Samoa.

WHEN the new minister to Germany, Mr. Theodore Runyon, presented himself to the court of Berlin with his credentials, he dazzled beholders by appearing arrayed in the uniform of major general of the New Jersey national guards.

PEOPLE OF LONDON.

MRS. TEMPLE, wife of the bishop of London, is a shorthand writer.

PRINCESS MAY'S wedding ring will be made from a half-ounce nugget of gold, the gift of Welsh miners.

QUEEN VICTORIA has contributed one hundred pounds to the fund for the benefit of the families of the Victoria victims.

WILLIAM WALDORF ASTOR has recently bought the estate of Cliveden, on the banks of the Thames, of the duke of Westminster and will become a citizen of London.

ARTHUR BALFOUR says that his greatest political help comes from his sister Agnes, who is his housekeeper. Each day she devotes a fixed amount of time to reading the newspapers and marking what is useful for his purpose.

A MUSICAL MELANGE.

HANS VON BULOW recently said that composers of comic operas ought to be divided into two classes—"those who plagiarize from the barrel organs and those who write for them."

RUBENSTEIN'S new Biblical opera, "Moses," is to be produced in its entirety, but in concert form, by the Philharmonic society in Berlin next fall. The performance will extend over two evenings.

"THE Girl I Left Behind Me" has been played and sung in England since 1760. Its original name was "Brighton Camp." It is an Irish air, but who composed either the words or the music is now unknown.

PATTI is now at Craig-y-Nos castle studying the new opera by Sig. Pizzi, which she will produce during her tour of the United States next winter. The opera is entitled "Gabrielle," and the scene is in the reign of Louis XIII. In the first act Mme. Patti plays the part of a nun.

MISS EMMA SICKELS, the Indian philanthropist, has three proteges, who are wonders in the musical world. They are the Misses Bluejacket, and they sing like nightingales. Of real Cherokee origin, they have the richest of copper colored skin, brightest of black eyes and reddest of lips.

SENTENCES BY "JUDCE."

WE watch the winds from east and west and our hopes are answered from the south.

IF there is anywhere a stray gleam of sunshine or of love a little child will find it.

THE religious improvident trust in Providence and the unreligious improvident trust to chance.

THE manifestation of life, whether in the discovery of a nest of fledgelings in a solitary place or the soft, warm touch of a little child, is a pleasure to the senses and a joy to the soul. —Kathrine Grosjean.

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Illuminating and Lubricating Oils, Naphtha and Gasoline

That can be

MADE FROM PETROLEUM.

We challenge comparison with every known product of petroleum. If you wish the most

Most : Uniformly : Satisfactory : Oils

in the market ask for ours.

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P. R. R. SCHEDULE.

Schedule in effect May 23, 1893

Connections at Cresson.

EAST.

Seashore Express	6.30 a m
Harrisburg Accommodation	9.23 a m
Day Express	11.04 a m
Altoona Express	1.40 p m
Mail Express	5.45 p m
Philadelphia Express	8.12 p m

WEST.

Johnstown Express	8.14 a m
Pacific Express	8.57 a m
Way Passenger	2.35 p m
Mail Train	4.20 p m
Johnstown Express	7.50 p m

Ebensburg Branch.

Trains leave as follows: 7.30, 10.25 a m., and 3.35 p. m. and arrive at Cresson at 8.20, 10.50 a m. and 4.15 p. m. Leave Cresson at 9.50, 11.27 a m. and 5.20 p. m. and arrive at Ebensburg at 10.10 a. m. and 12.01 and 6.10 p. m.

Cresson and Clearfield.

Leave Irvona at 6.45 a. m. and 2.40 p. m. arriving at Cresson at 8.05 a. m. and 4 p. m. Leave Cresson 9.40 a. m. and 5.18 p. m. arriving at Irvona at 11.00 a. m. and 6.38 p. m.

Sunday trains leave Cresson every Sunday at 9.30 a. m. and 5.18 p. m., arriving at Irvona at 11.40 a. m. and 6.00 p. m.

For rates maps, etc., call on agent or address
THOS. E. WATT, P. A. W. P. D., 110 Fifth Ave. Pittsburg, Pa.
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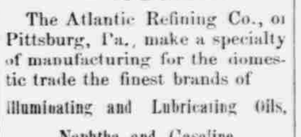

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TAYLOR & DEAN,
201, 203 & 205 Market St. Pittsburgh, Pa.

CANN'S KIDNEY CURE

Cures Bright's Disease, Dropsy, Gravel, Nervousness, Heart, Urinary or Liver Diseases. Known by a tired, languid feeling; inaction of the kidneys weakens and poisons the blood, and unless cause removed you cannot have health. Cured me over five years ago of Bright's Disease and Dropsy.—Mrs. I. L. MILLER, Bethlehem Pa. 1,000 other other similar testimonials. Try it. Cure guaranteed.

Cann's Kidney Cure Co.,
720 Venango street, Philadelphia, Pa.
Sold by all reliable druggists. 4.21.93

BUGGIES at ½ Price

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FOREIGNERS OF NOTE.

AMONG the official family of the Corean ministry at Washington are Messrs. Yi Hlum, Chow Chick and Bong Whang.

KAISER WILHELM has conferred on William Steinway, the great pianomaker of New York, the cross of Order of the Red Eagle.

A FRENCH journalist, M. Lardy, proposes to walk from Paris to Pekin by way of Siberia. It is his intention to cross the Behring straits on the ice.

THE ex-Empress Eugenie exhibits some amiability of character in the other day by climbing five flights of stairs in an apartment house to see on Victor Duruy, the academician, who was ill in bed. Duruy was one of Napoleon III.'s ministers and the devoted friend of his family.

THE emperor of Russia has never expectedly announced his intention of sending the czarewitch to represent the imperial family at the approaching royal wedding, having probably been induced to do so by hearing that Prince Henry of Prussia was to attend as the part of Emperor William.

MME. CALLIRHOE PARNIS, who is here as the Greek delegate to the woman's congress, is recognized in her native country as the first woman lawyer who tried to make way for the admission of women in the various learned professions. She represents several societies at the late congress all of philanthropic or educational aim, and classes them under the protection of Athena.

FOREIGN NOTES OF INTEREST.

ONE-FIFTH of the families in Paris live in single rooms.

LONDON has forty restaurants in which only vegetable food is served.

IN Norway persons who have not been vaccinated are not allowed to vote at any election.

IN Manchuria dogs are raised for their skins. A fairly prosperous Manchurian dog farmer will own a hundred more dogs.

PERFORMANCES at theaters of ancient Greece sometimes lasted twelve hours. Seven o'clock in the morning was the time for the rising of the curtain, so they say.

DURING the reign of Henry VIII. 400 persons were literally hanged in England, the larger portion of whom were guilty of no offence worse than misdemeanor. In one year 72,000 begging beggars were han